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ABSTRACT

The "Test Development Notebook" is a resource designed for the preparation of tests of literal comprehension for students in grades 1 through 12. This volume contains 100 multiple-choice cloze exercises taken from test instructions, instructional magazines, encyclopedias, reference books, and children's magazines; and the accompanying answer key. Each exercise carries the code letter of the section to which it belongs. The code letter is followed by the difficulty level of the passage as determined by application of a readability formula. Supplemental, small-print codes on the exercises give additional passage information as explained in SPPED Form 86, the "Handbook." The "Handbook" is the guide to the "Test Development Notebook," and users should review it before starting to work with the multiple-choice cloze exercises in this volume. (Author/BW)

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FORM 81 Rf

TEST DEVELOPMENT NOTEBOOK

Multiple-Choice Cloze Exercises REFERENCE DOMAIN

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Revised 1977

TM 830 065

The University of the State of New York
THE STATE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT
Divisions of Research and Evaluation
Albany, New York 12234

1976

SPPED: System for Pupil and Program Evaluation and Development

TEST DEVELOPMENT NOTEBOOK

Multiple-Choice Cloze Exercises

The University of the State of New York
THE STATE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT
Division of Research
Albany, New York 12234
Revised 1977

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Individuals or institutions wishing to use the Test Development Notebook should contact the Bureau of School and Cultural Research, New York State Education Department, Albany, New York 12234, regarding conditions for use.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of the Test Development Notebook was initiated in 1974 by Robert P. O'Reilly, then Chief of the Bureau of School and Cultural Research, New York State Education Department. Participants in its development were: Production--Jean Corigliano, Joan Heffler, Shelly Sternbach, and Susan Weiner; Research--Paul D. Hayford, Steven J. Kidder, Ruth Salter, R.T. Schuder, Ronald Streeter, and Gerlach van Gendt.

When first printed in 1976, the Test Development Notebook contained 1,496 Multiple-Choice Cloze Exercises including over 1,000 with passages taken from textbooks for grades 1 through 10. In 1977 a number of the exercises in the Textual Domain were revised, and the domain was expanded with the addition of 229 exercises from texts for grades 11 and 12.

Paul D. Hayford, Assistant in Education Research, and Ruth Salter, Associate in Education Research, in the Bureau of School and Cultural Research, were responsible for the revision of the exercises and, with Linda Rennells, Consultant, for the review and editing of the additions.

The additional exercises were prepared by 15 teachers in the East Syracuse-Minoa, Jamesville-DeWitt, and West Genesee School Districts under a Title IV-C Grant received by East Syracuse-Minoa for a Demonstration Project on Integrating Reading into Content Areas. Starr Canestraro, Instructional Coordinator for the East Syracuse-Minoa Central Schools, arranged the summer workshop where training in the construction of the Multiple-Choice Cloze Exercises was provided by Mr. Hayford. Teacher participants were: Louis DiMento, Peter Fantinato, Gerald Kelly, Irene Marquart, Ida Nesheiwat, Bruno Puetzer, Jr., Patricia Santulli, James Slowik, Lawrence Sollitt--East Syracuse-Minoa; Joseph Culhane, Lloyd Jerauld--Jamesville-DeWitt; Judy Carpenter, David Crawford, Lynn Davis, Patricia Flynn--West Genesee.

Secretarial service for the revision and expansion of the Notebook was provided by Vicki Noble and Nancy Wait.

USER INFORMATION

This Test Development Notebook is a resource designed for the preparation of tests of literal comprehension for students in grades 1 through 12. It contains 1,725 Multiple-Choice Cloze Exercises with passages taken from four domains or types of material students read--the Textual Domain, the Citizen Domain, the Consumer Domain, and the Reference Domain. The Textual Domain encompasses textbooks in the five major content or subject-matter areas--Reading/Literature, Language Arts, Social Studies, Science, and Mathematics. The Citizen Domain covers Newspapers and News Magazines. The Consumer Domain includes advertisements and packaging, bulletins, consumer magazines, and the like. The Reference Domain takes in test instructions, instructional magazines, encyclopedias, dictionaries, and other reference works.

The Test Development Notebook is divided in nine sections as follows:

Section		Code	Exercises
Textual Domain:	Reading/Literature	R	425
Textual Domain:	Language Arts	LA	200
Textual Domain:	Social Studies	SS	260
Textual Domain:	Science	S	200
Textual Domain:	Mathematics	M	200
Citizen Domain:	Newspapers	N	120
Citizen Domain:	News Magazines	NM	120
Consumer Domain		C	100
Reference Domain		Rf	100

Each section has its own cover page and an index showing the number of exercises by level of difficulty. As the Notebook is unbound, the sections may be readily separated and placed in individual ringbinders or file folders to facilitate test assembly and storage.

Each exercise carries the code letter of the section to which it belongs. The code letter is followed by the difficulty level of the passage as determined by application of a readability formula. Exercises at each difficulty level are numbered sequentially. Thus, R 15-6 in large print in the upper right corner of an exercise indicates that the exercise is from the Reading/Literature section (Textual Domain), that it is at difficulty level 15, and that it is the sixth Reading/Literature passage at that difficulty level.

Supplemental, small-print codes on the exercises give additional passage information as explained in SPPED Form 86, Test Development Notebook, Multiple-Choice Cloze Exercises: Handbook. The Handbook also describes the Multiple-Choice Cloze format, explains the difficulty levels, suggests test designs for various evaluation purposes, discusses scoring, and outlines test assembly procedures.

The Handbook is, in short, the guide to the Test Development Notebook, and users should review it thoroughly before starting to work with the Multiple-Choice Cloze Exercises. Users will also need SPPED Form 85, Test Development Notebook, Answer Key for Multiple-Choice Cloze Exercises. The Answer Key has nine sections, corresponding to the nine sections of the TDN, i.e., Reading/Literature, 85R; Language Arts, 85LA; and so forth.

Test Development Notebook: Multiple-Choice Cloze Exercises

Number of Exercises by Difficulty Level

REFERENCE DOMAIN (Rf)

Total Exercises: 100

Level	Exercises	Level	Exercises
1		15	4
2		16	4
3		17	5
4		18	4
5	3	19	6
6	6	20	7
7	5	21	3
8	3	22	4
9	4	23	5
10	8	24	3
11	6	25	1
12	6	26	
13	6	27	
14	7	28	

Try this experiment to learn about the _____ heat. Use two clean _____ cans. Paint one can _____ . Cover the other can with _____ paper or silver foil.

_____ both cans with water. _____ the two cans in the _____ . Use a thermometer to _____ the water temperature in each _____ . Test the water in the _____ two or three times a day.

○
1. cocoon's
2. gill's
3. sun's
4. nymph's

○
1. Place
2. Invent
3. Sparkle
4. Shovel

○
1. bad
2. hungry
3. sick
4. empty

○
1. earthworm
2. eardrum
3. sunlight
4. spore

○
1. fishy
2. black
3. jerky
4. handy

○
1. place
2. hurt
3. carry
4. test

○
1. little
2. delicious
3. warm
4. white

○
1. sign
2. can
3. kick
4. sun

○
1. Bring
2. Rub
3. Fill
4. Bang

○
1. hairs
2. waters
3. cans
4. soups

I had a dream about George Washington Carver. I _____ read a book about him for Black History Week. _____ called George Washington Carver "the _____ doctor." He found more than 300 _____ for peanuts! And more than 100 _____ for sweet potatoes!

People _____ a statue of Dr. Carver in a _____ . The park is in his _____ state of Missouri. The _____ shows Dr. Carver as a _____ boy.

○
1. just
2. highly
3. dryly
4. palely

○
1. stored
2. bowled
3. put
4. read

○
1. Puppies
2. Summers
3. People
4. Monkeys

○
1. nose
2. park
3. bone
4. fire

○
1. lumpy
2. curly
3. plant
4. watery

○
1. home
2. milky
3. salty
4. hairy

○
1. hops
2. uses
3. dreams
4. hurts

○
1. corner
2. string
3. balloon
4. statue

○
1. naps
2. wishes
3. locks
4. uses

○
1. warring
2. faulty
3. light
4. young

I am sick; I always get _____ up and bit on. They _____ drop me on the _____. I get thrown in the _____ desk. They go home to _____, and I have to _____ in the dark desk. They _____ to go to bed, and I don't. I get _____ around all the _____ on a piece of _____. I wish I didn't have to be a pencil. I wish I could be a person.

○
1. fried
2. cut
3. paid
4. pumped

○
1. hotly
2. palely
3. always
4. luckily

○
1. floor
2. apple
3. spy
4. cupcake

○
1. hairy
2. united
3. chewy
4. dark

○
1. rent
2. play
3. stamp
4. chip

○
1. plant
2. drill
3. bring
4. stay

○
1. get
2. fry
3. blow
4. lump

○
1. pushed
2. cooked
3. eaten
4. burned

○
1. cream
2. food
3. buckskin
4. time

○
1. hose
2. power
3. paper
4. smoke

Steps to follow:

1. Read each _____ .
2. When you come to a _____ that starts with a _____, choose the word or _____ that best completes the _____ or answers a question about the _____ .
3. Look at the answer _____ in your booklet or on your _____ sheet (if you have one).
4. _____ in the space that _____ the same number as the answer you have chosen.

○
1. stone
2. story
3. climb
4. park

○
1. tape
2. pipe
3. balloon
4. line

○
1. crow
2. station
3. barn
4. number

○
1. cage
2. sweet
3. country
4. phrase

○
1. ribbon
2. pie
3. story
4. sob

○
1. tunnel
2. story
3. table
4. luck

○
1. aprons
2. spaces
3. poppies
4. palaces

○
1. lumpy
2. steamy
3. answer
4. milky

○
1. Fry
2. Float
3. Growl
4. Fill

○
1. hunts
2. wakes
3. has
4. ties

Read each group of words below. _____ if it is a _____ that tells something, asks a _____, or is not a _____ sentence. *Mark* the space that _____ the kind of sentence. _____ :

T for TELLING,
A for _____,
NS for NOT A _____ .

If you do not _____ the right answer, mark DK for DON'T _____ .

Now look at the sample and see how it is marked.

○	1. *Decide* 2. *Bead* 3. *Store* 4. *Throw*	○	1. Skin 2. Mark 3. Hate 4. Pedal
○	1. comma 2. sentence 3. postcard 4. verb	○	1. SAILING 2. FLYING 3. ASKING 4. PULLING
○	1. button 2. question 3. shadow 4. truck	○	1. SENTENCE 2. CONSONANT 3. PLURAL 4. BULLETIN
○	1. glassy 2. complete 3. milky 4. cloudy	○	1. know 2. steam 3. surround 4. crash
○	1. squawks 2. drinks 3. tells 4. remembers	○	1. BUTTON 2. FRY 3. KNOW 4. SMELL

Where can the sun be _____ for power in the U.S.? _____ scientists are using a "_____ on wheels" to find out.

The _____ moves from place to _____ . It has special boxlike _____ . The windows let in _____ from sunlight. The boxlike _____ hold the heat.

The _____ test the trapped heat. The _____ help answer important questions.

○
1. blown
2. wired
3. used
4. mined

○
1. wagons
2. towers
3. windows
4. tricks

○
1. Enormous
2. Watery
3. Some
4. Immediate

○
1. pollen
2. paramecium
3. heat
4. nitrogen

○
1. pond
2. dress
3. pen
4. lab

○
1. windows
2. chases
3. chairs
4. finishes

○
1. lab
2. jar
3. wing
4. ship

○
1. scientists
2. algae
3. raindrops
4. tadpoles

○
1. supper
2. sweep
3. place
4. blow

○
1. rooms
2. tests
3. dreams
4. spaces

You can walk across the _____ and you can sail across the _____, but whichever way you _____ you will see children _____ with balls.

They may be _____ them or throwing them. They may be _____ them or kicking them. They may be _____ them or bouncing them. They almost _____ roll them. They _____ ping-pong, golf, and handball with _____ as small as a plum.

1. land
2. feed
3. suit
4. story

1. hitting
2. milking
3. hunting
4. paying

1. hits
2. seas
3. piles
4. bits

1. listing
2. spinning
3. fitting
4. sweeping

1. gobble
2. cheer
3. go
4. dress

1. sadly
2. bravely
3. hotly
4. always

1. modeling
2. playing
3. circling
4. marrying

1. play
2. bank
3. mail
4. weigh

1. buzzing
2. frying
3. catching
4. barking

1. balls
2. gasps
3. owls
4. workmen

In the dictionary there are many _____ that begin with each _____ of the alphabet. Words that _____ with the letter *a*, for _____, start on page 1 and _____ on page 36. The _____ letter of a _____ helps you know in which _____ of the dictionary to _____ that word. But you must _____ look at the letters that follow the first letter if you want to find the word quickly.

○
1. commas
2. speakers
3. carols
4. words

○
1. letter
2. word
3. deer
4. sidewalk

○
1. change
2. lay
3. begin
4. break

○
1. rice
2. example
3. dirt
4. supper

○
1. crack
2. storm
3. end
4. hate

○
1. lively
2. delicious
3. brown
4. first

○
1. word
2. postcard
3. bulletin
4. plural

○
1. whisper
2. part
3. servant
4. joke

○
1. lock
2. join
3. sweep
4. find

○
1. warmly
2. dryly
3. loudly
4. also

Smoking is a bad habit, so don't be _____ enough to start. Here are some of the _____ . Once you start to _____, it is very hard to _____ . Second, a lot of _____ are caused by people who _____ . Some people go to _____ and forget to put out their _____; they leave their cigarettes on _____ trays and the cigarettes _____ off and start fires on tables.

○
1. quiet
2. gentle
3. dumb
4. hungry

○
1. throw
2. ride
3. jail
4. smoke

○
1. surprises
2. brushes
3. reasons
4. parties

○
1. snow
2. clear
3. sleep
4. batter

○
1. smile
2. rain
3. smoke
4. drive

○
1. cigarettes
2. squirrels
3. scarecrows
4. squawks

○
1. burn
2. fry
3. bake
4. stop

○
1. ash
2. lean
3. anxious
4. milky

○
1. fires
2. hens
3. crosses
4. sides

○
1. fall
2. row
3. pedal
4. walk

Read each story. Then read each _____ about the story. *Pick* the _____ answer to the question. _____ the letter for that _____ in your booklet or on your _____ sheet if you have one. _____ questions ask the _____ of a word in the _____ . These words can be _____ in the lines which _____ a star beside them. *Now* read the sample.

○
1. umbrella
2. question
3. mountain
4. fellow
5. farmer

○
1. Some
2. Dusty
3. Chilly
4. Homely
5. Waxed

○
1. rustiest
2. dimmest
3. widest
4. best
5. ripest

○
1. meaning
2. skidding
3. frying
4. yelling
5. spraying

○
1. *Pay*
2. *Reward*
3. *Kick*
4. *Rope*
5. *Mark*

○
1. chunk
2. mist
3. bean
4. story
5. engineer

○
1. answer
2. program
3. history
4. kangaroo
5. dough

○
1. surprised
2. locked
3. whirled
4. found
5. roasted

○
1. answer
2. angry
3. foreign
4. creaky
5. slim

○
1. have
2. ring
3. accuse
4. humor
5. coach

A tree stands in a _____ . It is part of the _____ . So are you. The _____ and oceans and cities and _____, near and far, are _____ of your world. So are the _____ and what they do. And there are _____ many things in the _____ to do and to _____ and to try. *News Trails* will _____ you. Welcome to *News Trails*.

○
1. picket
2. bath
3. struggle
4. forest
5. flute

○
1. crates
2. quarts
3. appeals
4. liberties
5. people

○
1. mirror
2. world
3. curl
4. mamma
5. buggy

○
1. heavily
2. kindly
3. proudly
4. innocently
5. so

○
1. hammers
2. mountains
3. properties
4. sashes
5. mayors

○
1. hatch
2. pair
3. dare
4. world
5. woman

○
1. bounces
2. pokes
3. farms
4. paints
5. knives

○
1. learn
2. lose
3. deck
4. tramp
5. cast

○
1. daylight
2. stew
3. mush
4. part
5. rabbit

○
1. freeze
2. pan
3. help
4. stripe
5. slap

Ants work together as if they were _____ smart. But they aren't _____ smart. They can't think about _____ as you can. An _____ does things because its _____ gets signals, such as _____ . Different smells make ants _____ different things.

An ant _____ is like a little _____ where hundreds or even _____ of ants live together. Ants make their nests by digging tunnels and storerooms in the ground.

○
1. warmly
2. snugly
3. widely
4. sleepily
5. quite

○
1. carrots
2. wheels
3. swans
4. cots
5. smells

○
1. sadly
2. loudly
3. really
4. formerly
5. coldly

○
1. smoke
2. fry
3. write
4. address
5. do

○
1. things
2. drops
3. frowns
4. flames
5. chuckles

○
1. nickel
2. squint
3. nest
4. helicopter
5. pin

○
1. egg
2. alarm
3. end
4. inn
5. ant

○
1. collar
2. city
3. jacket
4. rescue
5. fox

○
1. color
2. buggy
3. play
4. bunk
5. body

○
1. judges
2. peels
3. robins
4. librarians
5. thousands

As soon as all of the _____ have arrived, supply each one with a _____ of paper, a brush, and _____ . Place an interesting record on the _____ player and ask everyone to _____ a picture of the _____ . When the paintings are _____, hang them on the _____ with pins. Next to each _____, place a letter—A, B, C, and so on. You are _____ to judge the paintings.

○
1. guests
2. garages
3. detectives
4. numbers
5. vinegars

○
1. clown
2. chick
3. uncle
4. music
5. sugar

○
1. snowman
2. cousin
3. circus
4. sheet
5. stir

○
1. marched
2. ironed
3. hooted
4. sprinkled
5. finished

○
1. attacks
2. radios
3. paints
4. whales
5. months

○
1. list
2. pop
3. skin
4. web
5. wall

○
1. faint
2. level
3. record
4. blind
5. stable

○
1. wrapping
2. accounting
3. weaving
4. reading
5. painting

○
1. graze
2. whip
3. carve
4. sneeze
5. paint

○
1. stiff
2. arctic
3. ready
4. cheeky
5. leafy

One day George the little _____ found a berry tree. But instead of _____ home and sharing the _____, he ate them all himself. As _____ as he got home his _____ saw the red around his _____, she got very mad.

"George! Your _____ is red! Why didn't you _____ _____ any berries for us?" But George _____ quickly. "Uh, well, I didn't _____ find any berries. You see, I fell face-first into a pile of red lipstick."

1. 1. battery
   2. trust
   3. giraffe
   4. rocket
   5. camera

2. 1. mouth
   2. ledge
   3. stair
   4. apple
   5. myth

3. 1. hitting
   2. beading
   3. going
   4. killing
   5. melting

4. 1. page
   2. raccoon
   3. corn
   4. drift
   5. mouth

5. 1. contests
   2. dances
   3. berries
   4. grounds
   5. quivers

6. 1. save
   2. trim
   3. hug
   4. recite
   5. rule

7. 1. solemnly
   2. soon
   3. solidly
   4. equally
   5. rarely

8. 1. nailed
   2. sailed
   3. fried
   4. thought
   5. roasted

9. 1. middle
   2. mother
   3. happiness
   4. beauty
   5. decoration

10. 1. even
    2. tenderly
    3. gaily
    4. thickly
    5. gloomily

Your answers to the test _____ will be marked on a _____ answer sheet. The answer _____ will be scored by a _____ . This machine will also "_____" and copy your name from the _____ sheet. To make this _____, you must mark your _____ in a special way on the "_____ block" on the answer _____ .

○
1. helicopters
2. shrugs
3. insects
4. exercises
5. students

○
1. creaky
2. squirmy
3. answer
4. sugared
5. watery

○
1. separate
2. terrible
3. sunny
4. prompt
5. hollow

○
1. excellent
2. farther
3. awake
4. possible
5. warm

○
1. trust
2. swing
3. sheet
4. rear
5. glitter

○
1. heel
2. sill
3. name
4. deed
5. thing

○
1. butterfly
2. pad
3. difficulty
4. stew
5. machine

○
1. soapy
2. sleepy
3. name
4. healthy
5. odd

○
1. pet
2. read
3. stay
4. grab
5. kill

○
1. cut
2. parent
3. peck
4. sheet
5. pond

There are words to name almost everything you have _____ or can imagine: animals, _____, parts of the body, _____, machines, ideas. There are _____ to tell almost everything that can be _____ . There are words to _____ how things look or _____ or act.

A dictionary is a _____ where words are _____ so that you can _____ them when you need them.

○
1. scrubbed
2. woven
3. swung
4. seen
5. speared

○
1. cuts
2. dreams
3. people
4. blinks
5. weights

○
1. squints
2. groans
3. places
4. nickels
5. pairs

○
1. words
2. hyphens
3. colons
4. periods
5. accents

○
1. weeded
2. done
3. slapped
4. milked
5. yelled

○
1. pump
2. stone
3. turn
4. direct
5. describe

○
1. feel
2. fix
3. mount
4. limp
5. cage

○
1. veil
2. shade
3. book
4. rose
5. duck

○
1. listed
2. ironed
3. harnessed
4. popped
5. broken

○
1. find
2. fold
3. chain
4. drink
5. star

Do you want to make an Easter egg _____ ? It's as simple as ABC—_____ put it in an _____, with the pointed end _____ . Now lean close to the _____ and blow—HARD—between the _____ and the side of the _____ . The egg will fly _____ out of the cup. (_____ : Be sure you use a hard-boiled _____ . Don't try it with a raw one!)

○
1. scrub
2. lose
3. look
4. sit
5. fly

○
1. move
2. fog
3. egg
4. boss
5. size

○
1. sleepily
2. perfectly
3. thickly
4. just
5. slightly

○
1. cup
2. jar
3. stable
4. change
5. ribbon

○
1. ankle
2. instrument
3. arrow
4. audience
5. eggcup

○
1. right
2. thankfully
3. tenderly
4. handsomely
5. aloud

○
1. west
2. down
3. beside
4. aboard
5. undersea

○
1. Loosen
2. Threaten
3. Pretend
4. Caution
5. Position

○
1. cup
2. box
3. mesa
4. belt
5. stump

○
1. candle
2. egg
3. tip
4. meal
5. attack

Read each line. In some _____, two of the three _____, when put together, will _____ a word. The other _____ is *extra*, even though it may be _____ on after the first _____ is formed. Find the _____ syllable in each line where _____ syllables will make a _____ . Look at the answer _____ on the right or on your answer sheet (if you have one).

○
1. rooms
2. irons
3. yelps
4. lines
5. twos

○
1. agent
2. word
3. slant
4. carton
5. ghost

○
1. fables
2. anagrams
3. summaries
4. primers
5. syllables

○
1. *extra*
2. *gay*
3. *sick*
4. *upward*
5. *inky*

○
1. hide
2. make
3. elect
4. skim
5. argue

○
1. bay
2. two
3. mild
4. rich
5. fond

○
1. hyphen
2. holiday
3. juncture
4. syllable
5. digest

○
1. word
2. fool
3. display
4. kick
5. halt

○
1. shot
2. added
3. walked
4. blown
5. fired

○
1. donkeys
2. costs
3. spaces
4. unicorns
5. rattles

In days of old, folks bartered for _____ . One person might have _____ of potatoes. Another might _____ too many sheep. So the _____ with the sheep would "_____" some potatoes by trading an _____ for so many pounds of _____ .

Well, bartering's back. With _____ being what they are, _____ are looking for ways to _____ what they need without using cash.

○	1. baths 2. barnyards 3. canaries 4. mills 5. goods	○	1. army 2. attack 3. upset 4. alarm 5. animal
○	1. kids 2. metals 3. ices 4. lots 5. babies	○	1. wards 2. spuds 3. skirts 4. forests 5. hugs
○	1. have 2. pace 3. chew 4. hatch 5. murmur	○	1. prices 2. noses 3. slants 4. stoves 5. candles
○	1. person 2. liberty 3. fame 4. traffic 5. peel	○	1. innings 2. codes 3. cards 4. people 5. gallops
○	1. bat 2. end 3. shade 4. twinkle 5. buy	○	1. drink 2. get 3. dust 4. bar 5. wail

Chicken is a bird raised for meat and eggs. _____ pecking and scratching in _____ of food and hens _____ over fluffy yellow chicks are a _____ barnyard sight in almost every _____ . The early morning _____ of roosters has _____ the farmer as an _____ clock for thousands of _____ .

Chickens are the only _____ that have *combs*. A comb is a piece of red flesh on the top of a chicken's head.

○
1. Roosters
2. Councils
3. Vegetables
4. Ships
5. Credits

○
1. drawing
2. crowing
3. melting
4. mining
5. mailing

○
1. lead
2. produce
3. lather
4. search
5. magic

○
1. chased
2. fried
3. served
4. elected
5. stung

○
1. roasting
2. clucking
3. blasting
4. pitching
5. dealing

○
1. arched
2. equal
3. arable
4. alarm
5. underwater

○
1. cold
2. milky
3. yellow
4. common
5. legal

○
1. leopards
2. stirrups
3. drums
4. grandpas
5. years

○
1. broom
2. country
3. stoop
4. raccoon
5. dragon

○
1. veins
2. surprises
3. muses
4. warehouses
5. birds

If I lived in the _____, it wouldn't be much _____ because if I put a _____ down, it would float _____ ! We would probably have to _____ our houses out of _____ and starfish and clams and _____ like that. But we wouldn't _____ any fires. That's one _____ thing. We could make _____ with the fish—that would be fun.

○
1. scowl
2. hug
3. sea
4. kit
5. bowl

○
1. hearts
2. pilots
3. shells
4. peanuts
5. witches

○
1. rank
2. concrete
3. fun
4. yarn
5. wood

○
1. things
2. supports
3. squawks
4. violins
5. fliers

○
1. witch
2. plow
3. pencil
4. vowel
5. finger

○
1. have
2. clap
3. braid
4. send
5. trap

○
1. away
2. extra
3. severely
4. alike
5. aloud

○
1. inky
2. good
3. rusty
4. slim
5. wide

○
1. kill
2. meet
3. place
4. permit
5. make

○
1. honks
2. friends
3. members
4. crumbs
5. tracks

The answer sheet is divided into _____, one for each test. In _____ tests, each exercise _____ of a question followed by _____ possible answers. You are to _____ in each case which _____ is best. To answer a _____, find the set of _____ spaces numbered the same as that _____, then blacken the space _____ to the best answer. Your mark should fill the space without going outside the lines.

1. shouts
2. ghosts
3. sunsets
4. ribbons
5. sections

1. velvety
2. crunchy
3. marble
4. chewy
5. most

1. shouts
2. consists
3. chatters
4. wails
5. stutters

1. stately
2. square
3. several
4. rugged
5. latched

1. glare
2. lose
3. wiggle
4. straddle
5. decide

1. curl
2. spear
3. penny
4. answer
5. clipper

1. triangle
2. cottage
3. landscape
4. rim
5. question

1. stubby
2. lean
3. plastic
4. scornful
5. answer

1. scissors
2. knee
3. wrinkle
4. question
5. justice

1. flickering
2. waddling
3. chanting
4. gobbling
5. corresponding

What to do. *Work* each _____ . *Pick* the right answer. _____ the letter for your _____ in your booklet or on your _____ sheet if you have one. _____ NG if a right _____ is NOT GIVEN. _____ DK if you DON'T _____ the right answer. *Now* _____ at the sample and _____ how it is marked.

1. color
2. closet
3. peek
4. bluff
5. example

1. faith
2. mineral
3. answer
4. sill
5. channel

1. *Satisfy*
2. *Guard*
3. *Mark*
4. *Shrug*
5. *Help*

1. Miss
2. Mark
3. Owe
4. Untie
5. Slip

1. ground
2. tractor
3. answer
4. gun
5. second

1. WASH
2. KNOW
3. MELT
4. BARK
5. SKIM

1. royal
2. chewy
3. rickety
4. brittle
5. answer

1. barge
2. sway
3. slap
4. back
5. look

1. Spot
2. Mar
3. Mark
4. Seize
5. Examine

1. ram
2. trim
3. haul
4. kid
5. see

STEPS TO FOLLOW: Read each statement or _____ and work any exercises _____ . Look at the possible _____ and decide which answer is _____ . Find Test 3 on your _____ sheet and, if your _____ is here, mark the _____ that has the same _____ as the answer you have _____ . If your answer is *Not* _____, mark the space that has the same letters as the letter beside NH.

○
1. dingo
2. shrimp
3. question
4. disease
5. reindeer

○
1. answer
2. horse
3. sergeant
4. raffle
5. ward

○
1. necessary
2. nice
3. underground
4. natural
5. current

○
1. outlaw
2. space
3. date
4. splash
5. rope

○
1. answers
2. coasts
3. petals
4. scares
5. forests

○
1. letter
2. dream
3. house
4. wharf
5. deer

○
1. *best*
2. *cleanest*
3. *curliest*
4. *whitest*
5. *widest*

○
1. nuzzled
2. suspected
3. whispered
4. chosen
5. stacked

○
1. plaid
2. slippery
3. occasional
4. steamy
5. answer

○
1. *Aboard*
2. *Undersea*
3. *Here*
4. *Upstairs*
5. *Lately*

Two men recently sailed across Lake Michigan in a _____ that never touched _____ . Paul Woessner and Steve Neulander _____ in a basket under a _____ .

The balloon was as _____ as an 8-story _____ and wide enough to _____ a house. Its lift _____ from air heated by a _____ burner at the bottom of the _____ bag.

○
1. lance
2. goldfish
3. store
4. pump
5. craft

○
1. happening
2. filming
3. beating
4. hanging
5. building

○
1. rhythm
2. water
3. science
4. moss
5. baseball

○
1. dodge
2. cover
3. parade
4. strain
5. move

○
1. lurched
2. traveled
3. wrinkled
4. gnawed
5. typed

○
1. drove
2. bled
3. came
4. flung
5. stung

○
1. pitcher
2. worry
3. loss
4. balloon
5. pony

○
1. fishy
2. gas
3. swampy
4. fussy
5. dim

○
1. high
2. stiff
3. dull
4. frank
5. sick

○
1. common
2. ripe
3. bossy
4. balloon
5. contented

With some of your toys you can _____ to go anywhere. Dash to a _____ in your fire truck. _____ into a tunnel in your _____ train. Race over the _____ in your speed boat. Speed around a _____ in your race car. _____ across the country in your _____ . Whoosh to the moon in your _____ . Children play with toys like these in _____ countries.

○
1. billow
2. clear
3. grind
4. pretend
5. howl

○
1. weekend
2. roar
3. creature
4. cargo
5. fire

○
1. Zoom
2. Step
3. Salute
4. Squeeze
5. Thump

○
1. arctic
2. chosen
3. electric
4. medical
5. rough

○
1. sleeve
2. mom
3. flip
4. water
5. alert

○
1. wedding
2. ladder
3. track
4. camp
5. coward

○
1. Rescue
2. Pinch
3. Fly
4. Catch
5. Bat

○
1. husband
2. visit
3. valley
4. airplane
5. gingerbread

○
1. spaceship
2. doorbell
3. kitty
4. triangle
5. grass

○
1. marshy
2. leaky
3. many
4. bold
5. outer

The earth is a great globe of _____ surrounded by an envelope of _____ . Water lies in basins in the _____, making oceans, seas, and _____ . About 71 percent of the _____ surface is water, and 29 percent is _____ .

The earth is constantly _____ . It is not the same as when it was _____ formed. It does not _____ as it did several _____ years ago or even 100 years ago.

○
1. science
2. plaster
3. cloth
4. rock
5. comfort

○
1. fig
2. grub
3. ribbon
4. hamburger
5. land

○
1. pie
2. fiction
3. hate
4. duty
5. air

○
1. gobbling
2. changing
3. stalling
4. waddling
5. camping

○
1. rock
2. crate
3. salute
4. blast
5. service

○
1. ridiculously
2. helplessly
3. first
4. innocently
5. severely

○
1. lakes
2. frays
3. points
4. slams
5. balls

○
1. talk
2. rule
3. relieve
4. flicker
5. look

○
1. closet's
2. post's
3. example's
4. behavior's
5. earth's

○
1. expert
2. touchy
3. million
4. arctic
5. inky

At the top of the outside _____ of each page of this _____ there is a word in _____ black type. It looks like an _____ word, but it is _____ followed by an entry. A _____ line separates it from everything _____ in the column. This _____ is a guide word. When you _____ your dictionary, you see _____ guide words.

○
1. gravity
2. pillow
3. hustle
4. mile
5. column

○
1. black
2. scary
3. watery
4. shy
5. cloudy

○
1. soloist
2. transition
3. lullaby
4. modifier
5. dictionary

○
1. dreadful
2. happy
3. professional
4. puffy
5. else

○
1. sweetly
2. nightly
3. sleepily
4. heavy
5. secretly

○
1. word
2. verse
3. vowel
4. solo
5. poet

○
1. unknown
2. enormous
3. adult
4. alive
5. entry

○
1. open
2. trick
3. share
4. forget
5. feed

○
1. damply
2. timidly
3. rudely
4. not
5. wistfully

○
1. two
2. lame
3. peculiar
4. glorious
5. motor

A man was driving around in his _____, trying to find a _____ place. He couldn't find one, so he _____ in a "no parking" _____, and left a note on his _____ that said, "Don't give me _____—just going to take a _____ ." When he came back, he _____ another note on his _____ that said, "I gave you a _____— just going to take five dollars."

○
1. ray
2. car
3. lamp
4. rope
5. rate

○
1. cocoa
2. fable
3. affair
4. insect
5. ticket

○
1. shifting
2. looming
3. parking
4. wagging
5. betting

○
1. minute
2. reindeer
3. forest
4. reptile
5. relation

○
1. opened
2. dodged
3. crossed
4. stung
5. parked

○
1. snuck
2. found
3. flung
4. bet
5. drove

○
1. duke
2. gust
3. zone
4. poise
5. coil

○
1. hydrogen
2. windshield
3. disease
4. scare
5. rascal

○
1. darkness
2. airplane
3. windshield
4. pride
5. grapevine

○
1. ticket
2. freight
3. refuge
4. scow
5. shovel

Read each group of phrases. Look at the underlined _____ in each phrase. One of the _____ words is misspelled for the _____ it is used in the _____.

Find the word that is _____ spelled correctly. Look at the _____ spaces at the right or on your _____ sheet (if you have one). _____ in the space which _____ the same number as the _____ you have chosen.

○
1. story
2. wish
3. word
4. sash
5. elk

○
1. oral
2. screechy
3. dull
4. rapid
5. answer

○
1. exhibited
2. conducted
3. massacred
4. underlined
5. guaranteed

○
1. marble
2. answer
3. sleepy
4. panicky
5. delicious

○
1. hole
2. rim
3. soap
4. way
5. dose

○
1. Hobble
2. Plead
3. Shrug
4. Fill
5. Sprawl

○
1. tiger
2. jewel
3. stockade
4. phrase
5. yawn

○
1. sails
2. buys
3. bathes
4. bowls
5. has

○
1. *helplessly*
2. *eventually*
3. *not*
4. *abundantly*
5. *hurriedly*

○
1. olive
2. word
3. cliff
4. neck
5. queen

The Arabs are becoming rich and _____ . Some Arabs are using their _____ to buy land, businesses, and _____ in other countries.

_____ in many of the oil-buying _____ are worried. They say that _____ such high oil prices is _____ their countries. Leaders of _____ oil-buying nations are _____ to meet this spring. They _____ to see what can be done about trade problems between the oil-producing nations and those who use it.

○
1. imaginary
2. sugared
3. powerful
4. snowy
5. alternate

○
1. yapping
2. chewing
3. paying
4. growing
5. bonding

○
1. riches
2. fists
3. gauges
4. riots
5. dolls

○
1. waging
2. weaning
3. rowing
4. scrubbing
5. harming

○
1. swans
2. puffs
3. goods
4. triangles
5. wrists

○
1. crunchy
2. lumpy
3. long
4. many
5. odd

○
1. Stamps
2. Leaders
3. Chirps
4. Pipes
5. Curls

○
1. fetching
2. piloting
3. listing
4. hunting
5. planning

○
1. cameras
2. leaders
3. lofts
4. nations
5. lungs

○
1. lock
2. mind
3. paper
4. tame
5. want

Click! On goes the TV set. The _____ can't wait for the _____ to begin. A whole _____ of their schoolmates will be on TV.

This _____ three times a week at a _____ in Massachusetts. There, pupils _____ on their own TV _____ . These are shown on TV _____ all over the school. _____ write, plan, and appear in the _____ .

○
1. children
2. aircraft
3. spankings
4. baseballs
5. nuggets

○
1. heap
2. clamp
3. bank
4. put
5. wilt

○
1. sled
2. chick
3. click
4. mind
5. show

○
1. twinkles
2. fruits
3. spoons
4. programs
5. ditches

○
1. monster
2. fiber
3. boat
4. sneak
5. group

○
1. sets
2. moos
3. crusts
4. vines
5. bones

○
1. smacks
2. chokes
3. bucks
4. bathes
5. happens

○
1. Rhymes
2. Manners
3. Passengers
4. Children
5. Banners

○
1. share
2. school
3. reptile
4. weed
5. sheet

○
1. fools
2. pardons
3. palms
4. shows
5. noses

Modern Delhi is made up of two cities—_____ Delhi and New Delhi. New Delhi is the _____ of the Republic of India. It is the _____ center, and most of its _____ red stone buildings are _____ to the business of _____ the Indian Government. New Delhi, _____ in the 20th century, is a _____ city. Its broad streets _____ from its center like the _____ of a giant wheel.

○
1. rude
2. fair
3. hip
4. wispy
5. old

○
1. running
2. raining
3. fluffing
4. killing
5. roasting

○
1. beloved
2. amateur
3. person
4. coast
5. capital

○
1. taught
2. shot
3. swept
4. blown
5. built

○
1. plentiful
2. government
3. ripe
4. gradual
5. moldy

○
1. displayed
2. planned
3. crinkled
4. cautioned
5. whooped

○
1. counterclockwise
2. attractive
3. hoofed
4. lively
5. miserable

○
1. drink
2. ship
3. radiate
4. entrust
5. barbecue

○
1. fostered
2. stacked
3. haunted
4. devoted
5. grated

○
1. bands
2. spokes
3. owners
4. battles
5. glades

Away is a word starting with *a*. It follows _____ in alphabetical order. It is an _____ word on page 36. _____ is a word starting with *b*. It _____ before *background* in alphabetical _____ . It is an entry _____ on page 37.

The _____ word on page 146 is _____. On the opposite page is the _____ word *decided*. On these _____ pages you will find the words *day*, *deal*, and *decay*. Why?

○
1. *system*
2. *favor*
3. *aware*
4. *square*
5. *cup*

○
1. word
2. slang
3. fable
4. critic
5. rime

○
1. easy
2. empty
3. ancient
4. entry
5. orange

○
1. fleecy
2. wooden
3. watery
4. guide
5. noisy

○
1. *Baby*
2. *Column*
3. *Spear*
4. *Gust*
5. *District*

○
1. *mate*
2. *vessel*
3. *daunt*
4. *lifeguard*
5. *savage*

○
1. pumps
2. inspects
3. reflects
4. comes
5. contacts

○
1. khaki
2. rusty
3. fleecy
4. guide
5. slick

○
1. cheese
2. silence
3. dance
4. cement
5. order

○
1. hoarse
2. bloody
3. cloudy
4. two
5. icy

Kwanza means that Black people _____ to make one another _____ . The new people who are Black _____ celebrate what the old Black _____ and the Africans did. The _____ part of Kwanza is _____ African clothes and the _____ you get every day for _____ days. If you have a Kwanza _____ in a classroom you would _____ to bring fruit and nuts and stuff for everybody.

○
1. try
2. gash
3. thrash
4. ship
5. shrink

○
1. cautioning
2. wearing
3. cramming
4. picketing
5. growing

○
1. swollen
2. happy
3. moldy
4. smoky
5. bald

○
1. syllables
2. shines
3. canals
4. muscles
5. presents

○
1. people
2. homers
3. values
4. shipwrecks
5. hutches

○
1. cubic
2. vivid
3. rubber
4. seven
5. urgent

○
1. ponies
2. people
3. shields
4. batteries
5. arenas

○
1. tunic
2. party
3. enemy
4. porch
5. cloud

○
1. inkiest
2. flintiest
3. fattest
4. best
5. ripest

○
1. blur
2. have
3. pound
4. roost
5. drip

This test consists of several reading selections. After each _____ there are some exercises.
_____ each selection quickly and then _____ the exercises. Four answers are _____ for each exercise, but _____ one of these answers is _____ . You are to choose the _____ answer that you think is _____ than the others. Then, on the _____ sheet, find the row of _____ spaces numbered the same as the exercise.

1. package
2. windshield
3. selection
4. platter
5. dictionary

1. Spare
2. Clasp
3. Harden
4. Read
5. Load

1. answer
2. accuse
3. shine
4. float
5. guard

1. whinnied
2. given
3. cashed
4. rattled
5. whisked

1. feebly
2. only
3. vaguely
4. rapidly
5. soberly

1. ruby
2. khaki
3. bound
4. frisky
5. right

1. sullen
2. one
3. watery
4. civic
5. shy

1. milkier
2. fouler
3. better
4. browner
5. fresher

1. answer
2. moldy
3. noisy
4. gradual
5. ripe

1. amateur
2. steel
3. jolly
4. loose
5. answer

This is a test on _____ . It will show whether you _____ which words in a _____ should be capitalized. Many of the exercises _____ mistakes in capitalization. Some do _____ have any mistakes at all.

You are to _____ for mistakes in the _____ exercises. When you find a _____, fill in the answer _____ on the answer sheet that _____ the same number as the *line* containing the mistake.

○
1. nonfiction
2. motion
3. capitalization
4. diction
5. conversation

○
1. know
2. prowl
3. purr
4. rot
5. stall

○
1. soloist
2. sentence
3. critic
4. colon
5. noun

○
1. contain
2. devour
3. drown
4. knock
5. stain

○
1. desperately
2. not
3. popularly
4. gravely
5. viciously

○
1. sign
2. quake
3. look
4. caw
5. pay

○
1. sullen
2. squeaky
3. numb
4. icy
5. test

○
1. latch
2. bit
3. buffalo
4. mistake
5. baseball

○
1. space
2. bell
3. lifeguard
4. patriot
5. tuft

○
1. rotates
2. dips
3. has
4. jerks
5. joins

A volcano in Guatemala is touching up our _____ this winter. The volcano _____ last October, throwing clouds of _____ dust into the air. Some of that _____ has now drifted all the _____ around the earth at an _____ of about 12 miles.

_____ of the setting or _____ sun pass through the _____ layer high in the _____ . The light is changed into brilliant colors—purple, orange, yellow, and especially red.

1. churns
2. piles
3. alligators
4. sunsets
5. conveniences

1. snipped
2. punished
3. stepped
4. vaulted
5. erupted

1. fine
2. prime
3. central
4. noisy
5. civic

1. hospital
2. roof
3. continent
4. dust
5. cobbler

1. sunlight
2. load
3. nay
4. concord
5. way

1. emperor
2. interview
3. altitude
4. eyelid
5. ankle

1. Facts
2. Rays
3. Hairs
4. Lads
5. Ages

1. bumping
2. marching
3. warring
4. rising
5. squatting

1. dusty
2. holy
3. broken
4. unlikely
5. furry

1. drill
2. sip
3. scorn
4. zero
5. sky

MARCH, third month of the _____ Western year, having 31 _____ . The name comes from the Roman _____ of war, Mars. March was the _____ month of the Roman _____ in the 10-month _____ . Mar. 25th was the _____ day of the legal _____ in England until 1752. It was _____ as the stormy month by the Anglo-Saxons. Mar. 21 _____ the beginning of spring.

○
1. hungry
2. representative
3. stately
4. modern
5. insignificant

○
1. ages
2. pumas
3. days
4. soaps
5. tops

○
1. god
2. jug
3. ram
4. jam
5. dip

○
1. wispy
2. reluctant
3. first
4. heavy
5. miraculous

○
1. cooperation
2. year
3. word
4. fuss
5. objection

○
1. safety
2. beach
3. clamp
4. calendar
5. janitor

○
1. green
2. equal
3. first
4. other
5. anxious

○
1. lady
2. riot
3. curve
4. ranch
5. year

○
1. written
2. laid
3. worn
4. known
5. swung

○
1. packs
2. orders
3. strips
4. tacks
5. marks

Flat maps, such as those _____ in this Atlas, are _____ more useful than globes. On a _____ map you can see the _____ world at one time, or _____ parts of the world can be _____ in large size.

But a _____ map of the earth cannot _____ the rounded surface of our _____ as accurately as a _____ can.

○
1. grubbed
2. ended
3. mowed
4. found
5. harmed

○
1. tuned
2. seen
3. won
4. blown
5. obeyed

○
1. gloomily
2. often
3. perilously
4. violently
5. gravely

○
1. flat
2. deliberate
3. nice
4. moldy
5. rude

○
1. milky
2. flat
3. frisky
4. happy
5. rude

○
1. show
2. fail
3. squash
4. knock
5. invade

○
1. whole
2. guilty
3. atomic
4. fussy
5. latter

○
1. gasoline
2. planet
3. gantry
4. bend
5. life

○
1. casual
2. intent
3. green
4. tough
5. small

○
1. globe
2. cedar
3. part
4. dress
5. savage

A handy book rack can be made from a _____ coat hanger. Pull the _____ into a long hoop. _____ up one end for a _____, and the other end (the one with the _____) is bent up to _____ the head. Push a _____ rubber ball onto the _____ and decorate it to _____ whatever animal you choose. Your _____ are held neatly between the tail and the head.

○
1. wire
2. pink
3. sweet
4. comic
5. sore

○
1. fluff
2. ram
3. melt
4. grub
5. form

○
1. wool
2. line
3. game
4. wire
5. wisp

○
1. rude
2. small
3. dear
4. steep
5. folk

○
1. Bend
2. Ring
3. Feel
4. Clear
5. Strip

○
1. life
2. spaniel
3. pulley
4. hook
5. voice

○
1. lead
2. bonnet
3. tail
4. piece
5. dessert

○
1. tinker
2. clutter
3. stab
4. resemble
5. remind

○
1. maze
2. label
3. talent
4. hook
5. spine

○
1. gyms
2. tunics
3. pains
4. colts
5. books

WHAT TO DO: *Read* each sentence _____ . Each sentence has some _____ lines under it. Each _____ part *may* have an _____ in it, according to the _____ of correctly written English. There may be _____ *one* kind of error, and it may be in _____, capitalization, or the _____ of a word. In _____ parts there may be no _____ at all.

○
1. rarely
2. devoutly
3. carefully
4. sleepily
5. painfully

○
1. meekly
2. feebly
3. orally
4. tenderly
5. only

○
1. numbered
2. engaged
3. maneuvered
4. vulcanized
5. rejoiced

○
1. punctuation
2. conversation
3. nonfiction
4. summary
5. character

○
1. progressed
2. scored
3. guaranteed
4. numbered
5. warranted

○
1. boost
2. fray
3. tip
4. net
5. use

○
1. aspen
2. armory
3. errand
4. amateur
5. error

○
1. some
2. atomic
3. sunny
4. tidy
5. northern

○
1. standards
2. stampedes
3. soldiers
4. fees
5. clucks

○
1. blubber
2. vision
3. countenance
4. error
5. orchid

The wobbly tiger cub slowly _____ one paw in _____ of the other. After _____ tries, each paw plopped _____ in its proper place. Gunga had _____ to walk!

An _____, Ralph Thompson, followed Gunga's _____ . He drew a series of _____ which he donated to the World Wildlife Fund. The Fund _____ the drawings to raise _____ to save wild tigers.

1. herded
2. furthered
3. redeemed
4. placed
5. signed

1. opportunity
2. artist
3. investment
4. oppression
5. array

1. front
2. honey
3. error
4. lead
5. arson

1. gallons
2. descriptions
3. efforts
4. recognitions
5. gutters

1. shrill
2. many
3. adjoining
4. gaudy
5. representative

1. nickels
2. memories
3. proposals
4. pictures
5. alloys

1. jealously
2. absently
3. impatiently
4. richly
5. down

1. slew
2. bunted
3. pawed
4. rushed
5. sold

1. smouldered
2. invested
3. granted
4. tracked
5. learned

1. gravity
2. misfortune
3. money
4. cedar
5. chess

Keeping people well and treating the _____ is not all that _____ do. They help to _____ the hospitals in which they _____ their work. They help with many of the _____ activities in the community. It _____ doctors to teach young _____ to become doctors. Physicians, along with _____ scientists, do research that will _____ about new and better _____ of diagnosing, treating, and preventing disease.

○
1. pearl
2. flat
3. magic
4. satin
5. sick

○
1. harms
2. takes
3. chains
4. maps
5. rustles

○
1. doctors
2. calves
3. representatives
4. petals
5. weights

○
1. regulars
2. cottages
3. banners
4. people
5. lagoons

○
1. bleed
2. treasure
3. whack
4. chain
5. run

○
1. rapid
2. tributary
3. eternal
4. other
5. rosy

○
1. knit
2. tutor
3. tempt
4. sink
5. do

○
1. bring
2. cluster
3. soar
4. wink
5. dangle

○
1. wary
2. sleepy
3. cruel
4. white
5. health

○
1. ranchers
2. crinkles
3. casks
4. ways
5. ferns

Would you look in the front, _____, or back of the _____ to find the entry _____ *astronaut*? Open your _____ near where you think _____ will be. Look at the _____ words, and then turn _____ or back until you _____ the page that *astronaut* is on. You can _____ by the guide words when you have _____ the right place.

○
1. meadow
2. middle
3. agent
4. earshot
5. squint

○
1. grand
2. impatient
3. guide
4. smart
5. petty

○
1. character
2. colon
3. critic
4. dictionary
5. contraction

○
1. smartly
2. aloud
3. ahead
4. awhile
5. dryly

○
1. vowel
2. word
3. novel
4. suffix
5. sentence

○
1. find
2. supply
3. confront
4. send
5. irk

○
1. dictionary
2. possessive
3. adjective
4. envelope
5. publication

○
1. gleam
2. tell
3. bluster
4. explain
5. diaper

○
1. *yesterday*
2. *jaunt*
3. *italic*
4. *astronaut*
5. *abbreviation*

○
1. scolded
2. defended
3. kindled
4. found
5. staked

A dictionary lists entry words in alphabetical _____ . You can find an _____ word quickly if you are _____ of the order of _____ in the alphabet. Words _____ with *a* come before _____ starting with *b*. Words _____ with *b* come before those _____ with *c*, and so on. _____ you are hunting for the _____ *puppet*. If you open your dictionary to *l*, will you need to turn toward the front of your dictionary?

○
1. order
2. garbage
3. courage
4. machinery
5. wealth

○
1. entry
2. obedient
3. amateur
4. inland
5. outer

○
1. sure
2. impressive
3. innocent
4. afraid
5. short

○
1. pies
2. flocks
3. quails
4. letters
5. ends

○
1. speeding
2. starting
3. stripping
4. stifling
5. sewing

○
1. butchers
2. words
3. dungeons
4. rates
5. tastes

○
1. chafing
2. starting
3. strapping
4. sauntering
5. baying

○
1. starting
2. dispatching
3. eating
4. gearing
5. trotting

○
1. Complain
2. Suppose
3. Whittle
4. Bet
5. Gurgle

○
1. size
2. wisdom
3. word
4. drapery
5. challenge

Mother Seton is the first American _____ a saint in the Roman Catholic Church.

Mother Seton was _____ in New York City in 1774 as Elizabeth Ann Bayley. _____ as a Protestant (she _____ to pray in French), Miss Bayley _____ the active social life _____ typical of girls in the _____ classes. At 19, she _____ William Seton, a rich New York _____, and had five _____ .

1. named
2. enfolded
3. skinned
4. carved
5. weaved

1. so
2. crisply
3. rudely
4. slyly
5. gently

1. unanimous
2. concrete
3. born
4. convenient
5. tan

1. individual
2. square
3. honorary
4. upper
5. chatty

1. Deserted
2. Reduced
3. Raised
4. Bonded
5. Whistled

1. aggravated
2. married
3. picketed
4. sailed
5. endured

1. spilled
2. tuned
3. inscribed
4. jagged
5. liked

1. quotation
2. allegiance
3. merchant
4. planet
5. thunder

1. begged
2. oiled
3. wiped
4. ate
5. led

1. children
2. basemen
3. ivories
4. cacti
5. reflexes

Read each group of words. Some _____ are complete sentences; others are _____ . Punctuation and capitalization have been _____ out purposely. If the _____ is complete as printed, even though you might be _____ to add something else to it, the _____ answer is "complete." If the _____ is not complete, decide which _____ of words you could _____ before or after the _____ group to make a complete sentence or question.

○
1. flats
2. ladles
3. nuns
4. enemies
5. groups

○
1. hoarsely
2. not
3. warmly
4. eagerly
5. hotly

○
1. boiled
2. dangled
3. rushed
4. toed
5. left

○
1. wagon
2. cover
3. glue
4. group
5. curtsy

○
1. dizzy
2. able
3. rich
4. tattered
5. single

○
1. eerie
2. beige
3. glassy
4. foul
5. correct

○
1. roach
2. shark
3. papa
4. group
5. rustler

○
1. caboose
2. group
3. wreck
4. sob
5. night

○
1. add
2. gnaw
3. wrestle
4. bribe
5. aid

○
1. frequent
2. haggard
3. underwater
4. original
5. defensive

When Flip was eight years old, his _____ separated. He and his _____ and sisters were farmed _____ to various foster homes. He was _____ miserable in one foster _____ that he asked to _____ one of his older _____ in reform school. "After I _____ away eight times, they _____ me there," he recalled in a _____ interview. "Altogether I ran away from home 13 times."

1. 1. forests
   2. diseases
   3. balances
   4. parallels
   5. parents

2. 1. bide
   2. join
   3. wreck
   4. make
   5. sparkle

3. 1. tethers
   2. brothers
   3. suburbs
   4. whispers
   5. conceits

4. 1. dollars
   2. brothers
   3. civilizations
   4. mathematicians
   5. turtles

5. 1. out
   2. undersea
   3. asleep
   4. crisply
   5. parallel

6. 1. sighed
   2. ran
   3. crumbled
   4. plucked
   5. hoed

7. 1. devoutly
   2. so
   3. magically
   4. affectionately
   5. intimately

8. 1. sewed
   2. illustrated
   3. sent
   4. mourned
   5. vulcanized

9. 1. flow
   2. ant
   3. home
   4. mile
   5. cot

10. 1. recent
    2. legal
    3. captive
    4. steep
    5. crunchy

Music and dance, like brother and _____, belong to the same _____ . They are both based on _____ and movement in time. _____ rarely dance without music. If they don't _____ musical instruments to play, they _____, clap their hands, or _____ their feet instead. Man has _____ felt the need to _____ himself through movement.

Primitive _____ knew how to beat out rhythm. The first time beater was the stamping foot.

○
1. tonight
2. valley
3. sister
4. growl
5. novice

○
1. grow
2. wrench
3. skin
4. exile
5. sing

○
1. hunter
2. rafter
3. crack
4. family
5. pork

○
1. intoxicate
2. delight
3. stamp
4. drink
5. knot

○
1. class
2. leather
3. gingerbread
4. vapor
5. rhythm

○
1. busily
2. always
3. timidly
4. slyly
5. considerately

○
1. People
2. Frontiers
3. Submarines
4. Defects
5. Chowders

○
1. hoodwink
2. picket
3. whittle
4. express
5. oil

○
1. wag
2. buckle
3. amuse
4. have
5. snip

○
1. man
2. arson
3. worth
4. chess
5. gravity

bush (*bush*), *n. 1* a _____ plant smaller than a _____, often with many separate _____ starting from or near the _____ . Some bushes are used as _____; others are cultivated for their _____ . *2* open forest or _____, unsettled land: *the bush of Australia*. *3* _____ *around the bush*; _____ a matter in a _____ way; avoid coming straight to the point.

○
1. glorious
2. quiet
3. debatable
4. woody
5. steamy

○
1. tattoo
2. absentee
3. money
4. toss
5. fruit

○
1. tree
2. hesitation
3. jump
4. nose
5. basis

○
1. grouchy
2. wild
3. rapid
4. guttural
5. oral

○
1. houses
2. branches
3. signals
4. shoves
5. expositions

○
1. *siphon*
2. *oil*
3. *beat*
4. *sail*
5. *frown*

○
1. cobblestone
2. porridge
3. brow
4. ground
5. stir

○
1. approach
2. recruit
3. fumigate
4. whack
5. hypnotize

○
1. reasons
2. slouches
3. igloos
4. variations
5. hedges

○
1. roundabout
2. lumpy
3. shiny
4. sunny
5. shallow

Do you like dragons? Then you must not _____ *The Reluctant Dragon* by Kenneth Grahame. It's a _____ about the Boy, who _____ his father shuddering with _____ over a scaly, clawed, smoke-breathing _____ who has moved into a _____ up on the hill. "Don't _____, father," says the Boy. "It's _____ a dragon." And out of those _____ words grows an unheard of _____, full of jokes and laughter and secrets and happiness.

1. miss
2. heap
3. persuade
4. whip
5. disarm

1. tangle
2. gang
3. dose
4. cave
5. pocket

1. story
2. scalp
3. shop
4. thump
5. drink

1. wrench
2. flirt
3. place
4. worry
5. acquit

1. deserves
2. sees
3. annoys
4. vows
5. breaks

1. only
2. hastily
3. vertically
4. eagerly
5. rudely

1. mercury
2. print
3. sugar
4. fright
5. fleece

1. few
2. tan
3. maroon
4. fury
5. perpendicular

1. convertible
2. pendulum
3. illness
4. keeper
5. monster

1. dormitory
2. toothpaste
3. friendship
4. musician
5. movement

The baby bottle-nosed dolphin is _____ after a one-year _____ . Before his birth, Mother _____ friends with another female _____, who later will act as _____ . At birth, baby dolphin _____ weighs about twenty-five _____, and is nearly three _____ long. Only moments after _____, the mother or the _____ will carry junior to the surface of the water for his first breath of air.

○
1. born
2. hurried
3. ruby
4. improbable
5. federal

○
1. mutually
2. promptly
3. usually
4. urgently
5. nightly

○
1. raffle
2. pregnancy
3. proportion
4. holiday
5. trailer

○
1. pounds
2. fares
3. shacks
4. riots
5. booms

○
1. chips
2. makes
3. angles
4. views
5. taxes

○
1. fogs
2. fish
3. gifts
4. feet
5. axes

○
1. trooper
2. drapery
3. call
4. lamb
5. dolphin

○
1. license
2. birth
3. suicide
4. denial
5. vapor

○
1. grease
2. stream
3. midwife
4. glass
5. silver

○
1. faith
2. rabbit
3. midwife
4. parrot
5. note

If it's outdoor fun you are _____ in, you'll find it _____ in a new book by a _____ outdoorsman, Richard Dunlop. He has _____ lakes and rivers, hiked and _____ in most of the 50 _____ . The first part of the _____ is full of tips from "bear-proofing" a _____ to handling a 10-speed _____ . The second half is a _____, by regions, of places to go.

○
1. delayed
2. caged
3. harnessed
4. surrounded
5. interested

○
1. gates
2. custodians
3. signals
4. states
5. stools

○
1. packed
2. curved
3. banked
4. surprised
5. wrecked

○
1. gardenia
2. spark
3. book
4. gasp
5. sneak

○
1. terminal
2. perishable
3. mushy
4. veteran
5. woolen

○
1. citizen
2. camp
3. whoop
4. geyser
5. cell

○
1. revealed
2. pitied
3. canoed
4. disowned
5. besieged

○
1. braid
2. site
3. disciple
4. jail
5. bike

○
1. destroyed
2. schemed
3. camped
4. snubbed
5. opened

○
1. camera
2. directory
3. somersault
4. ceremony
5. crevice

There are some exercises on each _____ which you may not be _____ to answer. Do not _____ over difficult exercises; omit these and _____ on to easier ones. You may _____ to omitted exercises at the _____ of the test if there is _____ remaining. You will earn your _____ score if you attempt all of the _____ for which you think you may _____ the answers.

1. kiss
2. taxi
3. test
4. flue
5. gust

1. wax
2. bear
3. end
4. relish
5. lapel

1. glassy
2. able
3. cheap
4. floral
5. influential

1. crime
2. time
3. tin
4. sea
5. sentiment

1. blossom
2. bless
3. linger
4. embalm
5. insist

1. kindest
2. earliest
3. best
4. easiest
5. gentlest

1. fit
2. shine
3. screw
4. dig
5. go

1. exercises
2. lobsters
3. homicides
4. interests
5. notions

1. swerve
2. crank
3. cheer
4. return
5. squeak

1. nod
2. cart
3. scour
4. know
5. rumor

The following table lists the _____ found on each volume of an _____ . Use this table to _____ questions 9-16, which are _____ that can be found in an _____ . *Decide* which volume should be _____ first to find the _____ complete information on the _____ . *Mark* the letter that _____ the number of the _____ you have chosen in the booklet or on your answer sheet if you have one.

○
1. shortages
2. fragments
3. fools
4. guides
5. territories

○
1. inoculated
2. bicycled
3. scalded
4. pitied
5. selected

○
1. encyclopedia
2. intersection
3. observatory
4. orchid
5. objection

○
1. most
2. politically
3. cautiously
4. gracefully
5. joyously

○
1. stone
2. catapult
3. siphon
4. starch
5. answer

○
1. ruin
2. partner
3. huckleberry
4. topic
5. warrior

○
1. topics
2. generators
3. terriers
4. crumbs
5. pageants

○
1. manufactures
2. masters
3. spares
4. shows
5. diapers

○
1. assembly
2. epidemic
3. interpretation
4. isthsmus
5. encyclopedia

○
1. kingdom
2. price
3. scorn
4. pickup
5. volume

In one parade you see thousands of people _____ in fantastic costumes. They _____ like: spacemen, hoboes, clowns, _____ in royal robes, queens in _____ silks, Indians, African warriors, and _____ anything else. The people in the _____ are called mummers. They _____ every year on New Year's Day in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. To _____ in the New Year, the _____ sing, dance, and play _____ as they parade through the streets.

○
1. dispensed
2. juggled
3. shirked
4. dressed
5. annexed

○
1. hearth
2. corporal
3. livelihood
4. sparrow
5. parade

○
1. spit
2. divide
3. remember
4. look
5. dig

○
1. harden
2. march
3. profit
4. foam
5. sleep

○
1. kings
2. jails
3. palms
4. tripods
5. materials

○
1. clean
2. spring
3. welcome
4. roost
5. capsize

○
1. swift
2. fancy
3. captive
4. literary
5. ruddy

○
1. grimaces
2. jumbles
3. grandmas
4. mummers
5. cobblestones

○
1. vertically
2. eternally
3. permanently
4. evasively
5. almost

○
1. braids
2. plates
3. trumps
4. extracts
5. tricks

Some words are formed from other _____ by adding suffixes which _____ new meaning to the _____ of the basic _____ . Many of these words are _____ words in the _____ . Many of them are _____ . *Carefree, careful, careless,* and _____ —derivatives of *care*—are _____ entry words. *Carefully* and _____ (from *careful*), *carelessly* and *carelessness* (from *careless*) are not.

○
1. words
2. similes
3. stanzas
4. topics
5. novels

○
1. dictionary
2. connector
3. conjunction
4. haiku
5. diphthong

○
1. accuse
2. add
3. sail
4. avoid
5. suck

○
1. inland
2. underground
3. not
4. downstream
5. upstairs

○
1. pouting
2. meaning
3. snowing
4. thawing
5. spilling

○
1. *bankrupt*
2. *careworn*
3. *rusty*
4. *incurable*
5. *mute*

○
1. comma
2. holiday
3. hero
4. word
5. editor

○
1. costly
2. religious
3. all
4. molecular
5. fuzzy

○
1. wary
2. musty
3. frigid
4. fleshy
5. entry

○
1. *ostrich*
2. *misconduct*
3. *fury*
4. *musician*
5. *carefulness*

In each exercise, solve the _____; then mark the space on your _____ sheet that corresponds to the _____ you choose. In some _____ the fifth alternative, E, is "None of these." If your _____ to such a problem is _____ included in the possible _____, you should mark E, "None of these." Do _____ waste time on problems you _____ too difficult; go on, and _____ to them later if you have time.

○
1. problem
2. whinny
3. lecturer
4. succession
5. event

○
1. prim
2. merry
3. staunch
4. answer
5. cozy

○
1. stenographer
2. answer
3. gutter
4. dove
5. welfare

○
1. problems
2. shoulders
3. urns
4. businesses
5. hams

○
1. deed
2. encounter
3. spire
4. novice
5. answer

○
1. not
2. attentively
3. efficiently
4. universally
5. sparsely

○
1. relatives
2. answers
3. freshmen
4. rags
5. vegetables

○
1. jealously
2. faintly
3. freshly
4. not
5. solidly

○
1. smell
2. taste
3. find
4. grow
5. chip

○
1. cluster
2. chip
3. chatter
4. hark
5. return

The air is calm. Smoke _____ straight up from a _____ tower. A jet flies by. _____ the smoke starts to _____ like a tornado. Large _____ cause the air behind them to _____ around like a whirlpool. The _____ air can cause other _____ to crash.

Scientists are _____ the problem. They are _____ how long the air stays in violent motion and how big an area of air gets disturbed.

1. plops
2. drifts
3. denounces
4. aches
5. disapproves

1. spin
2. inspire
3. wake
4. convey
5. settle

1. relative
2. frequent
3. drastic
4. humane
5. smoke

1. doubtful
2. puny
3. violent
4. low
5. intangible

1. Suddenly
2. Thankfully
3. Ingeniously
4. Exclusively
5. Affectionately

1. planes
2. horns
3. pleas
4. monkeys
5. sprouts

1. wring
2. distress
3. swirl
4. itemize
5. echo

1. threshing
2. separating
3. slandering
4. resuming
5. studying

1. champagnes
2. immortalities
3. ebonies
4. ribbons
5. airplanes

1. obtaining
2. piercing
3. squirming
4. imploring
5. learning

JOHNSTON, JOSEPH EGGLESTON (1807–1891), was a Confederate _____ during the Civil War. He _____ the main Confederate Army in Virginia in 1861 and _____ 1862. He tried in 1863 to _____ Vicksburg, Miss., which was _____ by General U. S. Grant, but _____ too few men. In December, 1863, Johnston _____ charge of the Army of Tennessee and in 1864 _____ a brilliant retreat in _____ of General William T. Sherman's _____ toward Atlanta.

○
1. cradle
2. lizard
3. section
4. urn
5. general

○
1. bowled
2. had
3. built
4. illustrated
5. clapped

○
1. divorced
2. commanded
3. gnawed
4. accelerated
5. hammered

○
1. chipped
2. took
3. glued
4. kidded
5. hauled

○
1. early
2. choppy
3. fancy
4. religious
5. harsh

○
1. exalted
2. began
3. oiled
4. married
5. heated

○
1. shriek
2. relieve
3. brush
4. invent
5. scuff

○
1. algebra
2. prejudice
3. front
4. deceit
5. lumber

○
1. dismissed
2. viewed
3. besieged
4. saluted
5. hauled

○
1. advance
2. foil
3. jewel
4. hurt
5. fiance

Italy is one of the hottest _____ in Europe. Yet the _____ of its southerly position is _____ by the seas which _____ it on the _____ and west, by the _____ of the Apennines and by the Alps to the _____ . The result is a _____ variety in climate. The Po _____ in the north is _____ by the cold winds from the Alps.

○
1. prescriptions
2. countries
3. fawns
4. rings
5. cloaks

○
1. stoop
2. inspiration
3. range
4. awl
5. holiday

○
1. nomad
2. effect
3. barn
4. turban
5. loot

○
1. camel
2. north
3. erosion
4. teak
5. pioneer

○
1. dispatched
2. screeched
3. docked
4. respected
5. tempered

○
1. mental
2. coy
3. creaky
4. great
5. purple

○
1. cripple
2. bewitch
3. avail
4. include
5. bound

○
1. journey
2. basin
3. coal
4. tenant
5. corps

○
1. east
2. convention
3. citrus
4. jump
5. hothouse

○
1. chilled
2. babied
3. filmed
4. disinherited
5. reproved

If there is an error, _____ what the error is. _____ the space that tells the _____ of error. Mark: P for _____ ERROR, C for CAPITALIZATION _____, U for USAGE ERROR. If there is NO _____, mark NE. If you do _____ know the right answer, _____ DK for DON'T KNOW. _____ look at the sample _____ and see how the first two parts have been marked.

○
1. *trigger*
2. *hate*
3. *decide*
4. *multiply*
5. *pacify*

○
1. GLOVE
2. ERROR
3. DEATH
4. STUNT
5. RICE

○
1. *Drench*
2. *Mark*
3. *Ring*
4. *Yield*
5. *Continue*

○
1. not
2. vertically
3. crazily
4. lightly
5. hoarsely

○
1. mutter
2. kind
3. candy
4. livery
5. dime

○
1. pilot
2. sweep
3. elude
4. mark
5. scorch

○
1. PUNCTUATION
2. INDENTED
3. SINGULAR
4. VOICELESS
5. UNABRIDGED

○
1. *Now*
2. *Brutally*
3. *Humanely*
4. *Incredulously*
5. *Loudly*

○
1. CRADLE
2. CHAIR
3. ERROR
4. STRAW
5. RATE

○
1. preview
2. lullaby
3. soloist
4. suffix
5. sentence

"Would insanity diminish or disappear if _____ could return to a _____ life?" Several years ago, Joseph Eaton, a _____, and Robert Weil, a _____, asked themselves this question. They _____ an answer from the Hutterites, an _____ religious sect living in the North American Middle West.

The Hutterites _____ to the U.S. from _____ Russia in the 1870's. They _____ in South Dakota. Today, about 10,000 Hutterites _____ in communes in the Dakotas.

○	1. peppermint 2. croquet 3. rehearsal 4. mistletoe 5. mankind	○	1. illustrated 2. encountered 3. assigned 4. equaled 5. isolated
○	1. rarer 2. snowier 3. smokier 4. slimmer 5. simpler	○	1. spoke 2. came 3. fluttered 4. wheezed 5. grumbled
○	1. continuity 2. sociologist 3. surplus 4. rectangle 5. sarcasm	○	1. defensive 2. popular 3. apparent 4. inborn 5. southern
○	1. unicorn 2. fireplace 3. psychiatrist 4. testimony 5. rooster	○	1. catapulted 2. scanned 3. decided 4. bridled 5. settled
○	1. sobbed 2. sought 3. committed 4. hummed 5. revived	○	1. quit 2. live 3. don 4. plan 5. jet

Most earthquakes occur within the upper 15 _____ of the earth's surface. But _____ can and do occur at _____ depths to about 460 _____ . Their number decreases as the _____ increases. At about 460 _____ one quake occurs only every few _____ . At a depth of 400 _____ there may be five or _____ in a month. At a _____ of 100 miles there may be 30 in a month.

○
1. minimums
2. carloads
3. loves
4. hobbies
5. miles

○
1. structures
2. earthquakes
3. abbots
4. aristocrats
5. signals

○
1. vocal
2. all
3. feminine
4. envious
5. tidy

○
1. lemonades
2. roofs
3. technicians
4. miles
5. cockpits

○
1. dame
2. paw
3. depth
4. cocoa
5. surgeon

○
1. gutters
2. igloos
3. rudders
4. miles
5. purrs

○
1. bays
2. pouches
3. cedars
4. years
5. braids

○
1. walruses
2. folks
3. courtships
4. visits
5. miles

○
1. six
2. forts
3. ants
4. legs
5. pagans

○
1. vault
2. derby
3. platform
4. depth
5. fray

Main (mān), 1 most important: _____ : *the main dish at _____ , the main street of a _____* . 2 a large pipe which _____ water, gas, sewage, or _____ to or from smaller _____ : *When the water main _____, our cellar was flooded.* 3 the _____ sea; ocean: *Our daring _____ shall sail the main.* 1 _____, 2, 3 noun.

○
1. darkest
2. cruelest
3. firmest
4. largest
5. sanest

○
1. branches
2. arguments
3. greyhounds
4. collars
5. pedestals

○
1. *dinner*
2. *surgery*
3. *velocity*
4. *precision*
5. *vengeance*

○
1. *loafed*
2. *broke*
3. *swallowed*
4. *learned*
5. *lassoed*

○
1. *town*
2. *stage*
3. *bugle*
4. *scalp*
5. *jar*

○
1. open
2. audible
3. reluctant
4. coy
5. arched

○
1. doubts
2. oppresses
3. fondles
4. prefers
5. carries

○
1. *incense*
2. *gorge*
3. *fleet*
4. *spat*
5. *steak*

○
1. lobster
2. slang
3. pleasure
4. electricity
5. mathematics

○
1. anthology
2. classic
3. emphasis
4. adjective
5. suffix

Drummers signal the beginning of the festival _____ around the world. In _____ countries, drums are so _____ that ceremonies are held whenever a _____ drum is made.

The Ewe _____ of Southeastern Ghana use _____ for making their drums. The Ewe _____ a ceremony before the _____ is cut open because their _____ believed that a powerful _____ must go into making each new drum.

○
1. season
2. twig
3. gutter
4. support
5. hose

○
1. leaky
2. many
3. amphibious
4. curly
5. leathery

○
1. possible
2. special
3. dauntless
4. shadowy
5. furious

○
1. sly
2. damp
3. new
4. lanky
5. brave

○
1. hugs
2. people
3. bakers
4. roofs
5. ices

○
1. scripts
2. ankles
3. smells
4. poses
5. gourds

○
1. capitalize
2. hold
3. deliberate
4. gash
5. shut

○
1. gourd
2. hate
3. parole
4. worm
5. beach

○
1. forefathers
2. tethers
3. stallions
4. explorers
5. chapters

○
1. suspension
2. spirit
3. raisin
4. robot
5. olive

The purpose of this test is to _____ out how well you can _____ selections taken from many _____ kinds of literature. The _____ contains selections which are _____ by exercises. You should _____ an entire selection before _____ any exercises, but you may _____ back at the selection. _____ a selection, read an _____, and decide which answer is correct or clearly better than the others.

○
1. shove
2. find
3. stick
4. pitch
5. sweep

○
1. whittle
2. grieve
3. fetch
4. inscribe
5. interpret

○
1. different
2. numb
3. inlaid
4. khaki
5. damp

○
1. test
2. atom
3. coil
4. spear
5. sack

○
1. phoned
2. thrown
3. hobbled
4. kissed
5. followed

○
1. read
2. kidnap
3. supervise
4. choke
5. mask

○
1. answering
2. tethering
3. dialing
4. outraging
5. confusing

○
1. squirm
2. creep
3. look
4. sink
5. knock

○
1. Throw
2. Read
3. Sell
4. Graduate
5. Click

○
1. exercise
2. attorney
3. aide
4. uproar
5. arrest

"Only one Earth"—that was the _____ of a U.N. conference this _____ at Stockholm, Sweden. There _____ from more than 100 _____ met to try to _____ on ways to save the _____ threatened environment.

It is _____ clear that what one _____ does to the environment _____ other nations. Soot from _____ smokestacks in Britain and Germany dirties the snow of Norway and Sweden.

○
1. twig
2. haste
3. inning
4. motto
5. clop

○
1. hair's
2. meter's
3. world's
4. hail's
5. emergency's

○
1. den
2. counter
3. summer
4. camel
5. uniform

○
1. becoming
2. tasting
3. driving
4. chipping
5. stumbling

○
1. omens
2. people
3. screens
4. bears
5. names

○
1. nation
2. store
3. shoulder
4. result
5. grove

○
1. primes
2. nations
3. fossils
4. tunics
5. snubs

○
1. hates
2. sifts
3. kicks
4. adjourns
5. affects

○
1. fail
2. wave
3. blow
4. agree
5. sleep

○
1. shrewd
2. corporal
3. legible
4. factory
5. overdue

Cancer is uncontrolled cell growth that endangers _____ . It is one of _____ most dreaded diseases. Cancer _____ persons of all ages. In the United States, it is _____ only to heart disease as a _____ cause of death. Each _____ more than a million Americans _____ medical care for cancer, and over 330,000 _____ from the disease. Cancer _____ more children than any _____ disease.

○
1. honey
2. ammonia
3. sugar
4. life
5. fall

○
1. call
2. year
3. piling
4. soup
5. kennel

○
1. bale's
2. bus's
3. lily's
4. stutter's
5. man's

○
1. mow
2. outfit
3. exile
4. flag
5. get

○
1. clatters
2. intimates
3. howls
4. farms
5. attacks

○
1. buy
2. die
3. wink
4. knit
5. twirl

○
1. divine
2. second
3. neat
4. musty
5. fast

○
1. hoes
2. ejects
3. frisks
4. clamps
5. kills

○
1. snoring
2. chirping
3. leading
4. curdling
5. swelling

○
1. slender
2. other
3. grumpy
4. misty
5. choice

Many words do not appear as _____ entries. The words in _____ type in the sentences _____ do not.

Nations make _____ and individuals make contracts; both are _____ .

My father is getting _____ as he gets older.

_____ clouds made this the _____ night I could remember.

You will _____ these words explained under the _____ *agreement*, *bald*, and *black*.

○
1. dictionary
2. declarative
3. voiceless
4. nonessential
5. exclamatory

○
1. *balder*
2. *quicker*
3. *saltier*
4. *muddier*
5. *coyer*

○
1. alphabetical
2. transitional
3. adverbial
4. linking
5. italic

○
1. Legal
2. Captive
3. Storm
4. Bossy
5. Marble

○
1. abroad
2. aloud
3. undersea
4. below
5. upstairs

○
1. *puniest*
2. *wispiest*
3. *blackest*
4. *shrewdest*
5. *strictest*

○
1. treaties
2. glues
3. pillars
4. vents
5. wags

○
1. grab
2. pilot
3. practice
4. find
5. raid

○
1. *sculptors*
2. *academics*
3. *delicacies*
4. *agreements*
5. *frankfurters*

○
1. bruises
2. entries
3. indignations
4. descendants
5. shadows

The purpose of this test is to _____ out how well you can _____ and organize various _____ of compositions. It _____ of sixteen parts. Eight _____ contain individual directions which _____ only to that part. Each of the _____ parts contains a composition or a _____ which is followed by a _____ of questions. For these _____ you should read the entire selection before answering any question.

○
1. ring
2. howl
3. find
4. let
5. toe

○
1. ride
2. write
3. tempt
4. farm
5. row

○
1. emeralds
2. types
3. yawns
4. feasts
5. papooses

○
1. sizzles
2. consists
3. hollers
4. mumbles
5. screams

○
1. parts
2. lifts
3. disks
4. garages
5. raisins

○
1. cable
2. buzz
3. apply
4. cut
5. blink

○
1. other
2. monthly
3. stormy
4. sparse
5. rosy

○
1. galleon
2. peach
3. sieve
4. summit
5. letter

○
1. scalp
2. series
3. spur
4. mist
5. corpse

○
1. furies
2. knots
3. licks
4. arcs
5. parts

"Alienation results, or expresses itself," _____ psychologist Urie Bronfenbrenner, "in _____ doing anything—having no _____ interests, no particular friends, no _____ to people or to _____ ."

Dr. Bronfenbrenner, in an _____ in October's *Scholastic Teacher*, _____ that "young people and _____ are the largest alienated _____ . They feel people don't _____ about them and sometimes they return the compliment." Sometimes those who feel alienated are said to be suffering from *anomie*.

○
1. drills
2. says
3. hums
4. draws
5. squeals

○
1. excess
2. interview
3. airplane
4. aunt
5. attachment

○
1. purposely
2. hastily
3. hoarsely
4. not
5. loudly

○
1. added
2. pilfered
3. dwindled
4. meddled
5. sang

○
1. immortal
2. circular
3. stubby
4. amphibious
5. particular

○
1. spurs
2. ways
3. kids
4. mittens
5. stands

○
1. truck
2. commitment
3. cockroach
4. ornament
5. literature

○
1. distress
2. baton
3. cask
4. freckle
5. group

○
1. boons
2. sputters
3. things
4. robots
5. baskets

○
1. bake
2. care
3. whirl
4. shine
5. wail

When big, shaggy musk oxen in Canada are _____ by wolves, the musk _____ quickly get into a _____ with the babies on the _____ . The musk oxen stand with their _____ heads down. Their sharp _____ point out at the _____ . The wolves snarl and _____ but they don't dare _____ . As long as the _____ oxen stay in their circle the whole herd is safe.

○
1. retrieved
2. attacked
3. snug
4. calculated
5. showed

○
1. mileages
2. employees
3. denims
4. outskirts
5. horns

○
1. trowels
2. oxen
3. dawns
4. desires
5. incentives

○
1. wolves
2. victories
3. outfits
4. auditions
5. cradles

○
1. feud
2. squint
3. lifeguard
4. noose
5. circle

○
1. head
2. implore
3. growl
4. flatter
5. allow

○
1. inside
2. clump
3. ribbon
4. plaid
5. chore

○
1. attack
2. douse
3. slide
4. want
5. heave

○
1. cozy
2. identical
3. big
4. circular
5. next

○
1. brief
2. noticeable
3. plumb
4. occasional
5. musk

About half the Jews of West Jerusalem _____ to Israel after the _____ was established in 1948. _____ of the others, called *sabras*, were _____ in Israel. Their nickname _____ from the Hebrew word for _____ fruit, which is tough and _____ outside but sweet and _____ inside. Most of the _____ —especially those from Western _____—and the *sabras* strongly favor modernizing Jerusalem with up-to-date buildings, industries, and ways of life.

○
1. hummed
2. came
3. nicked
4. clamped
5. wept

○
1. lace
2. foreman
3. virgin
4. nation
5. cloud

○
1. Pressure
2. Sex
3. Most
4. Leather
5. Rice

○
1. purple
2. born
3. shallow
4. vivid
5. rocky

○
1. speeds
2. comes
3. blurs
4. assents
5. heaves

○
1. sneaky
2. pacific
3. violent
4. cactus
5. turbulent

○
1. moderate
2. inland
3. prickly
4. eager
5. calico

○
1. tender
2. partial
3. thorough
4. misguided
5. facial

○
1. immigrants
2. tracks
3. souvenirs
4. announcers
5. shares

○
1. descriptions
2. commands
3. winters
4. brows
5. countries

The people's spirit in the _____ Germanys offers an interesting _____ . In the West, competent _____ believe that the majority are _____ apathetic. Most West Germans _____ to be concerned simply with _____ money and acquiring creature _____ . As a Cologne storekeeper _____ to a reporter, "Let the _____ argue, that's what they _____ best. Besides, if they can't settle things in their big offices, what do you suppose I can do about it here?"

○
1. two
2. convertible
3. raw
4. amateur
5. bald

○
1. paw
2. branch
3. pupil
4. fall
5. study

○
1. soaps
2. intentions
3. observers
4. ranges
5. warehouses

○
1. efficiently
2. brutally
3. handsomely
4. radiantly
5. politically

○
1. tear
2. moan
3. seem
4. trick
5. walk

○
1. making
2. parching
3. wearing
4. leveling
5. stinging

○
1. comforts
2. crashes
3. basements
4. chefs
5. quarries

○
1. clattered
2. galloped
3. squirted
4. remarked
5. nailed

○
1. icicles
2. yesterdays
3. nails
4. politicians
5. cougars

○
1. yank
2. dye
3. paint
4. lend
5. like

In the United States, dolphins have a faithful _____ in Dr. John C. Lilly. Dr. Lilly _____ dolphins can learn to _____ . Whether or not he is _____, the information about dolphins, which has been _____ to light in recent _____, remains among the most _____ in the field of _____ biology. There are about fifty _____ of dolphins, and one that is _____ in all oceans of the world is the bottle-nosed dolphin.

○
1. glacier
2. gong
3. friend
4. thaw
5. minus

○
1. souls
2. tons
3. gills
4. years
5. leagues

○
1. hums
2. barks
3. believes
4. cries
5. whispers

○
1. cursing
2. designing
3. interesting
4. mutilating
5. loving

○
1. talk
2. disembark
3. bend
4. check
5. break

○
1. sober
2. vertical
3. dejected
4. marine
5. glorious

○
1. chewy
2. affectionate
3. regrettable
4. milky
5. correct

○
1. varieties
2. blotters
3. turnpikes
4. schemes
5. strikes

○
1. brought
2. stuck
3. owed
4. paid
5. cornered

○
1. found
2. fed
3. led
4. amazed
5. riveted

The passages that follow might have been _____ by high school students. In the first _____ passages certain parts are _____ and numbered. In the right-hand _____ there are several choices with the _____ number as the underlined _____ . You are to choose the _____ that best expresses the _____, makes the statement grammatically _____ or most precise, or is _____ most consistently with the style and tone of the passage.

○
1. written
2. sprung
3. meant
4. pitied
5. padded

○
1. empty
2. fickle
3. two
4. golden
5. weird

○
1. baffled
2. dined
3. pasteurized
4. underlined
5. wounded

○
1. currency
2. column
3. virgin
4. crackle
5. prophet

○
1. raw
2. same
3. instant
4. salty
5. social

○
1. fuse
2. part
3. desire
4. bone
5. vein

○
1. feast
2. residence
3. teacher
4. version
5. placard

○
1. pool
2. rifle
3. tint
4. idea
5. sponge

○
1. particular
2. feudal
3. correct
4. disastrous
5. crimson

○
1. pampered
2. worded
3. exempted
4. sneezed
5. zoomed

Smoking pollutes the environment. It releases _____, nicotine, and carbon monoxide into the _____ . It also leaves an _____ odor. Smoking violates the _____ of nonsmokers to eat, _____, work, travel and play in _____, smoke-free surroundings. Since there are _____ non-smokers for every smoker in the U.S., their _____ to clean air should _____ before the smokers right to _____ tobacco.

○	1. insomnia 2. tar 3. anger 4. doom 5. flesh	○	1. puny 2. tedious 3. mechanical 4. clean 5. federal
○	1. top 2. air 3. ankle 4. shade 5. poke	○	1. random 2. civic 3. keen 4. chewy 5. three
○	1. executive 2. awkward 3. affectionate 4. unpleasant 5. improbable	○	1. right 2. sash 3. attorney 4. pattern 5. prime
○	1. reference 2. dingo 3. right 4. father 5. tension	○	1. frown 2. work 3. lisp 4. come 5. watch
○	1. saw 2. comprehend 3. click 4. shop 5. dust	○	1. beam 2. enfold 3. waken 4. whistle 5. puff

With life becoming more technical and _____, with values changing _____, with the family unit _____ stress and break-up, a _____ many people have trouble _____ at times. There's nothing _____ wrong, they admit. On the _____ hand, they feel as if there's nothing _____ all that right, either. And over all there _____ to hang unnamed worries, _____, and fears.

○
1. humorous
2. federal
3. actual
4. respectful
5. impersonal

○
1. universally
2. intelligently
3. selfishly
4. specifically
5. uneasily

○
1. sparsely
2. constantly
3. righteously
4. sleepily
5. musically

○
1. active
2. unknown
3. other
4. advisable
5. aggressive

○
1. straddling
2. linking
3. labeling
4. dividing
5. facing

○
1. reluctantly
2. orally
3. critically
4. specifically
5. sullenly

○
1. grave
2. mysterious
3. sure
4. plaid
5. good

○
1. seem
2. exchange
3. accuse
4. creak
5. save

○
1. coping
2. aiding
3. accusing
4. swimming
5. hissing

○
1. stallions
2. grandfathers
3. frustrations
4. facilities
5. commands

To plate a spoon with silver, the _____ is placed in a _____ solution that contains silver. The _____ is attached to the _____, or negative terminal, of some _____ of electric current. A _____ bar of silver is _____ placed in the solution. The _____ of silver is connected to the _____, or positive terminal, of the _____ electric circuit. An electric current is then passed through the spoon, the silver bar, and the solution.

○
1. fern
2. orchid
3. spoon
4. yawn
5. grit

○
1. petty
2. haughty
3. solid
4. proud
5. deep

○
1. bony
2. chemical
3. polar
4. carnivorous
5. negative

○
1. thickly
2. also
3. tightly
4. truly
5. doubtfully

○
1. revenue
2. aim
3. gland
4. spoon
5. pageant

○
1. bar
2. gym
3. regulator
4. bravo
5. stenographer

○
1. lobby
2. glacier
3. protein
4. silicon
5. cathode

○
1. fulcrum
2. erosion
3. anode
4. meteor
5. uterus

○
1. recorder
2. source
3. constable
4. flower
5. cheek

○
1. waxed
2. ill
3. pale
4. thirsty
5. same

Despite its small extent, Luxembourg has several _____ geographical regions. In the _____ it extends into the _____ uplands, typical of the _____ French province of Lorraine. This _____ is rich in iron _____, which supports the leading _____ of Luxembourg. East of this _____ lies a lowland, sometimes _____ the *Gutland* or *Bon Pays* (Good Country). _____ are the capital city of Luxembourg, as well as the greater part of the population and agricultural land.

○
1. defective
2. distinctive
3. victorious
4. expectant
5. obedient

○
1. ore
2. tax
3. nylon
4. poverty
5. tobacco

○
1. religion
2. ceremony
3. socialist
4. barbarian
5. southwest

○
1. hothouse
2. nobleman
3. outpost
4. industry
5. throne

○
1. infantile
2. limestone
3. legible
4. bankrupt
5. bold

○
1. stump
2. bag
3. strip
4. cub
5. debt

○
1. eloping
2. recoiling
3. mobilizing
4. migrating
5. neighboring

○
1. yelped
2. thrown
3. sold
4. called
5. scheduled

○
1. frill
2. veranda
3. fireman
4. toy
5. region

○
1. Here
2. Above
3. Downward
4. Homeward
5. Aboard

Dower has two noun meanings and a transitive verb _____ . The definition for the second _____ meaning is not as _____ as that for the _____ meaning. If you want _____ help with the second _____, turn to the entry for _____ . Notice that the definition for the _____ meaning has two parts, _____ by a semicolon. *Endow* is another _____ to say "provide with a dower."

○
1. blessing
2. painting
3. thawing
4. tinting
5. meaning

○
1. meaning
2. roasting
3. sailing
4. heating
5. winning

○
1. noun
2. possessive
3. autographed
4. overused
5. rimed

○
1. *camel*
2. *omen*
3. *leather*
4. *dowry*
5. *peel*

○
1. north
2. near
3. full
4. starchy
5. perishable

○
1. autographed
2. voiceless
3. verb
4. transitional
5. unabridged

○
1. beady
2. cubic
3. first
4. misguided
5. stubby

○
1. creaked
2. vomited
3. dismissed
4. separated
5. flickered

○
1. dryer
2. iller
3. more
4. warmer
5. punier

○
1. pedal
2. way
3. fruit
4. bridge
5. basket

Do you consider yourself intelligent, _____ and emotionally stable? And _____ and discreet? Are you _____ about people to the _____ that you'd like to _____ all you can about _____ behavior? Would you like to _____ such knowledge to help _____ solve all kinds of personal _____ and get the most out of _____ ? If so, maybe you have what it takes to become a psychologist.

○
1. fragrant
2. elaborate
3. purple
4. minor
5. patient

○
1. steep
2. human
3. velvety
4. muddy
5. swampy

○
1. crimson
2. captive
3. foamy
4. sincere
5. sparse

○
1. knit
2. owe
3. water
4. use
5. toe

○
1. curious
2. recent
3. furry
4. rustic
5. plaid

○
1. woodchucks
2. thumbs
3. people
4. awards
5. poles

○
1. ceremony
2. parish
3. extent
4. musician
5. contempt

○
1. cathedrals
2. muskets
3. lambs
4. problems
5. mares

○
1. learn
2. carve
3. chain
4. neglect
5. bait

○
1. honey
2. life
3. cabbage
4. trout
5. perspiration

Economic boom gives Americans more money to _____ . From winter '72 to _____ '73, spendable income zooms 10.4 per _____ . Much of the gain _____ to elderly, poor, and _____ unemployed. Increased Social Security _____ raise demand for better _____, including meat. More widespread _____ of food stamps helps _____ .

A new development. Americans _____ see beef as a necessity, not a luxury. Price increases occur but people keep right on buying it.

1. 1. scald
   2. pilot
   3. spend
   4. thresh
   5. secrete

2. 1. mounds
   2. mouthfuls
   3. thumbs
   4. chimpanzees
   5. payments

3. 1. fabric
   2. climax
   3. winter
   4. brown
   5. strain

4. 1. foods
   2. valentines
   3. rakes
   4. survivors
   5. bursts

5. 1. carnation
   2. claim
   3. margin
   4. grip
   5. cent

6. 1. intrigue
   2. jelly
   3. use
   4. geography
   5. soil

7. 1. sells
   2. hops
   3. saunters
   4. cuts
   5. goes

8. 1. porridge
   2. poor
   3. chess
   4. cedar
   5. gravity

9. 1. previously
   2. inquiringly
   3. magically
   4. mathematically
   5. noisily

10. 1. vertically
    2. increasingly
    3. awkwardly
    4. patiently
    5. horizontally

Some nouns in English appear only in their plural _____ . Many of these nouns, such as _____ and *trousers*, cause no _____, because they are plural in _____, too; they are always _____ by the plural form of a _____ . In this dictionary, the _____ for these words have the _____ "*n.pl.*" Some other nouns, although they are _____ in form, are always _____ in use. They should cause no problem either.

○
1. chipmunk
2. form
3. cinema
4. reel
5. gangster

○
1. suffix
2. clause
3. plot
4. carol
5. verb

○
1. *loads*
2. *subjects*
3. *bitters*
4. *pockets*
5. *porpoises*

○
1. peppermints
2. lengths
3. entries
4. moths
5. crooks

○
1. problem
2. source
3. furniture
4. empress
5. dialect

○
1. label
2. fanatic
3. teammate
4. magnet
5. intent

○
1. expedition
2. booty
3. velocity
4. sex
5. use

○
1. linking
2. autographed
3. adverbial
4. transitional
5. plural

○
1. plunged
2. followed
3. disapproved
4. dished
5. gained

○
1. rimed
2. unabridged
3. compound
4. indented
5. singular

Read the sentence below:

Scrooge was a penurious old _____ .

Can you tell what _____ means? Nothing in the _____ gives a clue, so _____ up the entry on _____ 757. Many definitions, including this one, _____ of a phrase _____ by one or several _____ . Roughly equivalent parts of the _____ are separated by semicolons. In the _____ *penurious*, the synonym *stingy* is obviously the best word to substitute in the sentence.

○
1. beam
2. man
3. attraction
4. cabin
5. radio

○
1. dream
2. drown
3. glow
4. consist
5. remark

○
1. *legible*
2. *cleft*
3. *inlaid*
4. *penurious*
5. *residential*

○
1. chained
2. followed
3. drained
4. pacified
5. gashed

○
1. huddle
2. celebration
3. candy
4. stratosphere
5. context

○
1. synonyms
2. digests
3. fables
4. anthologies
5. interrogatives

○
1. blow
2. mop
3. look
4. stab
5. soak

○
1. cask
2. crinkle
3. baton
4. definition
5. parchment

○
1. envy
2. judgment
3. ham
4. tin
5. page

○
1. dialect
2. seal
3. entry
4. messenger
5. affliction

"It's been shown time and _____ again," says Dr. Seiden, "that _____ who talk about suicide should be _____ seriously. Not all people who _____ about suicide kill themselves. But the _____ who do commit suicide have almost _____ given frequent warnings." _____ another suicide expert: "The _____ who talks about suicide is _____ giving a disguised cry for _____ ."

1. ham
2. ginger
3. man
4. time
5. envy

1. intensely
2. considerately
3. gingerly
4. skillfully
5. always

1. microphones
2. rafters
3. teenagers
4. definitions
5. emeralds

1. Rummages
2. Adds
3. Relents
4. Snubs
5. Tows

1. nailed
2. eaten
3. stalled
4. timed
5. taken

1. auction
2. remembrance
3. teenager
4. slope
5. restraint

1. talk
2. tread
3. clap
4. prance
5. frolic

1. enormously
2. jubilantly
3. joyously
4. often
5. abundantly

1. people
2. tribes
3. chairmen
4. aquariums
5. nudges

1. disaster
2. risk
3. wire
4. fleece
5. help

Karate, *kah RAH tay*, is a _____ of unarmed combat in which a _____ kicks or strikes with his _____, elbows, knees, or feet. The Japanese _____ *karate* means *empty hand*. _____ blows are aimed at _____ of the body that are _____ injured, such as the _____ and throat. A karate _____ can cripple or even _____ .

There are four major types of karate—Chinese, Japanese, Korean, and Okinawan.

○
1. bulge
2. brass
3. chalk
4. form
5. kindness

○
1. parts
2. lobster
3. prairies
4. elements
5. coupes

○
1. polish
2. tint
3. person
4. sleep
5. contempt

○
1. crisply
2. divinely
3. gayly
4. intellectually
5. easily

○
1. stamps
2. drums
3. hands
4. misfortunes
5. carcasses

○
1. stomach
2. objective
3. escalator
4. reptile
5. perfume

○
1. cash
2. radio
3. coast
4. kangaroo
5. word

○
1. tribune
2. curtsy
3. blow
4. peppermint
5. climb

○
1. Latest
2. Mistiest
3. Tamest
4. Gayest
5. Most

○
1. place
2. kill
3. link
4. mesh
5. gear

The dominant feature of the Atlantic _____ is the presence of an _____ mountain range, the mid-Atlantic _____, almost exactly in the _____ of the ocean. It _____ the S-shape of the _____ coasts. The average depth over this _____ is about 1,100 fathoms, but _____ greater depths are found on each _____ . The existence of such a _____ has been known since the 1870's.

○
1. trial
2. basin
3. halibut
4. drought
5. sisal

○
1. continental
2. commercial
3. civil
4. fireproof
5. horseless

○
1. elaborate
2. experimental
3. affectionate
4. underwater
5. advisable

○
1. ridge
2. beau
3. desperation
4. sanitarium
5. orchid

○
1. personality
2. flaw
3. help
4. ridge
5. tent

○
1. musically
2. hurriedly
3. loudly
4. much
5. slyly

○
1. nap
2. push
3. saucer
4. center
5. dynamite

○
1. tatter
2. side
3. foyer
4. chore
5. dial

○
1. deceives
2. follows
3. budgets
4. guesses
5. celebrates

○
1. copy
2. graduate
3. ridge
4. mop
5. broom

When an urban forest of _____ hectares (almost 10 acres) was _____ for want of water and _____, a newspaper in Lima, Peru, _____ attention to the problem by _____ a front-page photo of the _____ with a sign, "I am _____, help me!" Lima Scouts _____ and, by arrangement with _____ authorities, cleaned the forest, _____ and sprayed the trees, corrected erosion problems and planted new trees.

○
1. urgent
2. vague
3. solitary
4. recent
5. four

○
1. aides
2. gardeners
3. snowplows
4. funnels
5. trees

○
1. dying
2. cutting
3. kicking
4. pouring
5. buying

○
1. arriving
2. dripping
3. dying
4. tiptoeing
5. tying

○
1. title
2. revelation
3. leather
4. care
5. insurance

○
1. responded
2. chatted
3. tumbled
4. sank
5. crumbled

○
1. oiled
2. called
3. bribed
4. snowed
5. wept

○
1. municipal
2. expensive
3. velvety
4. glassy
5. galvanized

○
1. feeding
2. wasting
3. sifting
4. running
5. plowing

○
1. verified
2. hired
3. snatched
4. squeezed
5. trimmed

From his childhood on, E. E. Cummings wrote _____ in praise of all that is _____—above all, nature and the _____ self. He also bitterly _____ any attitude or person which he _____ prevented man from being himself, such as _____ and scientific explanations. Another _____ he rejected was ordinary _____—not to shock grammarians, but to _____ language the freshness and _____ of life.

1. poetry
2. archery
3. pudding
4. mistletoe
5. gingerbread

1. chess
2. gravity
3. continuity
4. totalitarianism
5. identification

1. banking
2. pinching
3. currying
4. living
5. joining

1. porpoise
2. nostril
3. robot
4. janitor
5. convention

1. vertical
2. individual
3. fishy
4. exterior
5. atomic

1. apparatus
2. blackmail
3. rebellion
4. punctuation
5. camouflage

1. pronounced
2. restrained
3. satirized
4. missed
5. curved

1. sell
2. rush
3. paint
4. give
5. dig

1. branched
2. slung
3. believed
4. stomached
5. retired

1. toothpaste
2. mercury
3. spontaneity
4. diet
5. copper

Little Rock, capital and largest _____ of Arkansas. Little Rock is _____ where the Arkansas River _____ from a relatively enclosed _____ of complex topography onto the _____, almost flat plains of _____ Arkansas. The city is the _____ and distributing center for a _____ of varied agricultural products, including _____, soybeans, rice, cattle, and _____ . The business district has developed on level land adjacent to the Arkansas River.

1. police
2. acrobat
3. trait
4. city
5. reminder

1. intellectual
2. wicked
3. unable
4. stubborn
5. eastern

1. deported
2. chided
3. located
4. administered
5. headed

1. wilting
2. marketing
3. twinkling
4. slanting
5. grooming

1. seats
2. reckons
3. deports
4. distinguishes
5. emerges

1. jail
2. mural
3. region
4. wart
5. submarine

1. valley
2. fault
3. knot
4. peasant
5. stride

1. plateaus
2. saucers
3. lichen
4. cotton
5. congress

1. broad
2. pathetic
3. faithful
4. watchful
5. tense

1. bait
2. exercise
3. reliance
4. spice
5. poultry

The meaning is one of the _____ important parts of a _____ entry. Whether you're looking up a _____ because it is brand-new to you or because it is _____ in a new way, you _____ to have a clear _____ of how meanings are _____ and explained. Meanings are _____ according to part of _____—all transitive verb meanings, _____ intransitive verb meanings, all noun meanings, etc., are grouped together.

○
1. incompetently
2. blankly
3. most
4. divinely
5. joyfully

○
1. article
2. idea
3. oar
4. amateur
5. barbecue

○
1. declarative
2. possessive
3. rimed
4. voiceless
5. dictionary

○
1. slashed
2. drooped
3. wound
4. organized
5. absorbed

○
1. yap
2. word
3. vulture
4. cage
5. baby

○
1. grouped
2. pacified
3. fetched
4. wriggled
5. rescued

○
1. used
2. wired
3. dislocated
4. dyed
5. crammed

○
1. garbage
2. night
3. soap
4. speech
5. paint

○
1. diet
2. meet
3. argue
4. need
5. corner

○
1. wry
2. modern
3. slimy
4. all
5. rusty

Emerson, Lake & Palmer are probably the most _____ group in the current _____ spotlight. Their rock repertoire _____ from hymns to 30-minute _____ pieces to updated classical. They're the _____ to promote the Moog _____ from a fun back-up _____ to an integral part of their _____ .

ELP's fans are unique, _____ . None have the maybe-I'll-go-to-an-ELP _____ attitude; they attend with an almost religious fervor.

○
1. stucco
2. crimson
3. unique
4. circular
5. vertical

○
1. falsehood
2. marriage
3. scarecrow
4. compromise
5. synthesizer

○
1. manual
2. nylon
3. hoofed
4. music
5. drastic

○
1. umpire
2. livery
3. rifle
4. niece
5. piece

○
1. pinches
2. basks
3. varies
4. snows
5. fails

○
1. mushroom
2. sound
3. mud
4. canary
5. grape

○
1. mahogany
2. emerald
3. concept
4. marble
5. velvet

○
1. upstairs
2. hourly
3. above
4. too
5. ashore

○
1. cushion
2. shirt
3. first
4. hoof
5. sphere

○
1. slide
2. grave
3. concert
4. cherry
5. blouse

We like to let your _____ Scouts know about it when you or your _____ does anything spectacular or _____ . Not something like a _____ of honor, district campo ee, or the _____ things that all Scouts are _____ all over the country. _____ like a Bean Hole Bakeout, _____ raft trip, major conservation _____, Christmas toy gift distribution, _____ a historic trail, or other fun and work projects.

○
1. hairy
2. poison
3. plumb
4. concrete
5. brother

○
1. doing
2. fading
3. staying
4. smacking
5. hating

○
1. surgeon
2. mist
3. unit
4. appliance
5. respect

○
1. Brides
2. Carriages
3. Things
4. Aspens
5. Bayonets

○
1. selfish
2. intimate
3. vertical
4. unusual
5. striped

○
1. alcoholic
2. humid
3. lanky
4. unusual
5. moral

○
1. globe
2. cartridge
3. queen
4. lobby
5. court

○
1. population
2. tornado
3. wiggle
4. project
5. peach

○
1. swampy
2. regular
3. loose
4. milky
5. partial

○
1. building
2. chaining
3. betrothing
4. reciting
5. splicing

No one knows the exact number of _____ theaters. Estimates of the _____ in the United States in the _____ 1960's range from 10,000 to 30,000. _____ the number varies with one's _____ of such volunteer activity, which _____ includes the regular or _____ production of plays by _____ clubs and church, fraternal, and _____ organizations. In 1959 the first _____ national organization in the field, the American Community Theatre Association, was organized.

1. community
2. coiled
3. swift
4. icy
5. abnormal

1. gaily
2. hoarsely
3. divinely
4. also
5. hungrily

1. yearling
2. ailment
3. corpse
4. number
5. faculty

1. strict
2. bulky
3. incredible
4. excited
5. occasional

1. curly
2. early
3. puffy
4. gaunt
5. superior

1. bloody
2. loose
3. perpetual
4. many
5. superb

1. Vividly
2. Vitally
3. Obviously
4. Indignantly
5. Overtly

1. schemes'
2. foremen's
3. passports'
4. children's
5. rakes'

1. valve
2. ceiling
3. definition
4. gratitude
5. double

1. lively
2. meager
3. successful
4. rickety
5. selfish

Some entries in this dictionary _____ both an English and a _____ pronunciation. The foreign pronunciation _____ that a word or _____ often receives the pronunciation it _____ in the language where it _____ . Words and phrases still _____ as foreign have been _____ foreign pronunciations. In the _____ of entries, you may _____ one or more of the symbols for foreign sounds. Refer to the full pronunciation key.

○
1. echo
2. cart
3. soak
4. give
5. outrage

○
1. taunted
2. originated
3. notified
4. tickled
5. jabbed

○
1. fleshy
2. tender
3. lavender
4. glassy
5. foreign

○
1. regarded
2. soaked
3. petted
4. watched
5. chased

○
1. shows
2. totals
3. squawks
4. tastes
5. smells

○
1. cabled
2. molded
3. bought
4. given
5. cut

○
1. summary
2. underline
3. phrase
4. novel
5. biography

○
1. autobiographies
2. pronunciations
3. prepositions
4. euphemisms
5. nonfictions

○
1. fed
2. toppled
3. flew
4. teemed
5. had

○
1. honk
2. dot
3. make
4. find
5. chip

The first step toward sainthood—or _____— is "beatification." Mother Seton was _____ after two verifiable miracles—one, a New Orleans _____ who recovered from _____ and the second, a four-year-old _____ who survived leukemia. The Church has _____ that both cures came about because of Mother Seton's _____ .

Ordinarily, four miracles are _____ to fill canonization _____ . But in Mother Seton's _____, Pope Paul VI made an exception.

○
1. metal
2. canonization
3. combustion
4. cabbage
5. tension

○
1. transported
2. roared
3. decreed
4. carted
5. jingled

○
1. amputated
2. dimpled
3. scalded
4. mangled
5. beatified

○
1. impression
2. combination
3. comedian
4. newspaper
5. intervention

○
1. consequence
2. atom
3. furnace
4. car
5. nun

○
1. whacked
2. curved
3. needed
4. patroled
5. spotted

○
1. cancer
2. pastry
3. chess
4. rayon
5. gravity

○
1. cockroaches
2. pendulums
3. microscopes
4. requirements
5. restaurants

○
1. column
2. girl
3. site
4. study
5. relay

○
1. case
2. baseman
3. brake
4. poet
5. toy

Culturally the German tradition of _____ and interest in the _____ flourishes. Perhaps in no _____ country is the common-garden _____ of people keener about the _____ and music. East Berlin's _____ State Opera House is a _____ for Germans of every _____ persuasion, as is its Berliner Ensemble _____ by the gifted playwright and _____ Bertolt Brecht. However, West German playhouses draw on the works of Western writers.

1. screaming
2. touching
3. snoring
4. snowing
5. learning

1. betrothed
2. disarmed
3. searched
4. restored
5. soaked

1. stunts
2. ants
3. feet
4. buttons
5. arts

1. sneer
2. cart
3. mecca
4. chore
5. verse

1. noisy
2. ebony
3. thirsty
4. other
5. prickly

1. aerial
2. facial
3. provisional
4. molecular
5. political

1. variety
2. physicist
3. groom
4. glacier
5. nominee

1. founded
2. dipped
3. tethered
4. marched
5. stormed

1. garlic
2. career
3. resemblance
4. theater
5. nerve

1. nationality
2. director
3. envelope
4. monogram
5. thrust

SPPED

FORM
85
Rf

TEST DEVELOPMENT NOTEBOOK

Answer Key for Multiple-Choice Cloze Exercises REFERENCE DOMAIN

Revised 1977

The University of the State of New York
THE STATE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT
Divisions of Research and Evaluation
Albany, New York 12234
1976

TM 830 065 (2.92)

SPPED: System for Pupil and Program Evaluation and Development

TEST DEVELOPMENT NOTEBOOK

Answer Key for

Multiple-Choice Cloze Exercises

REFERENCE DOMAIN

For use with SPPED Form 81, Test Development Notebook Multiple-Choice Cloze Exercises, Revised 1977.

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November 1977

TDN: Multiple-Choice Cloze--Answer Key

REFERENCE DOMAIN (Rf)

Position of answer corresponds with position of item on exercise page.

Difficulty Level 5	Rf 5-1	Rf 5-2	Rf 5-3			
	3 1	1 3	2 4			
	4 3	3 2	3 1			
	2 4	3 1	1 1			
	4 2	2 4	4 4			
	3 3	4 4	2 3			
Difficulty Level 6	Rf 6-1	Rf 6-2	Rf 6-3	Rf 6-4	Rf 6-5	Rf 6-6
	2 2	1 2	3 3	1 1	4 4	3 4
	4 2	2 3	3 3	2 2	1 1	3 3
	4 3	2 1	4 1	3 4	3 2	3 1
	4 4	2 1	1 1	2 1	2 4	4 1
	3 3	3 3	3 2	3 1	3 4	1 1
Difficulty Level 7	Rf 7-1	Rf 7-2	Rf 7-3	Rf 7-4	Rf 7-5	
	2 1	4 5	5 5	1 4	3 1	
	4 1	2 5	3 5	4 5	3 5	
	5 4	2 4	1 3	3 5	3 1	
	1 4	3 1	5 2	3 5	2 4	
	1 1	4 3	5 5	5 3	2 1	
Difficulty Level 8	Rf 8-1	Rf 8-2	Rf 8-3			
	4 3	4 5	5 3			
	1 4	3 1	4 1			
	3 3	3 3	5 1			
	5 3	1 1	2 4			
	2 4	2 1	1 2			

Difficulty Level						
9	Rf 9-1	Rf 9-2	Rf 9-3	Rf 9-4		
	4 2	5 5	1 2	3 3		
	5 1	4 2	4 3	3 1		
	2 2	1 1	2 4	3 1		
	4 1	1 4	4 5	1 2		
	2 3	5 2	2 5	5 2		
Difficulty Level	Rf 10-1	Rf 10-2	Rf 10-3	Rf 10-4	Rf 10-5	Rf 10-6
10	5 4	5 3	3 1	5 5	4 3	4 5
	5 5	3 2	1 2	2 2	5 3	5 2
	2 5	3 2	1 1	2 3	1 4	1 3
	3 4	5 5	1 4	4 2	3 1	1 5
	5 3	3 5	5 3	1 4	4 3	5 3
	Rf 10-7	Rf 10-8				
	5 1	2 5				
	5 5	3 1				
	4 1	5 2				
	5 1	3 2				
	4 1	3 1				
Difficulty Level	Rf 11-1	Rf 11-2	Rf 11-3	Rf 11-4	Rf 11-5	Rf 11-6
11	3 5	3 3	1 4	5 1	3 1	1 2
	4 2	1 5	5 4	5 5	4 4	2 5
	4 4	3 4	5 1	2 2	1 3	1 4
	4 5	2 5	5 4	2 3	4 4	2 2
	3 2	4 5	2 4	4 2	5 4	4 2
Difficulty Level	Rf 12-1	Rf 12-2	Rf 12-3	Rf 12-4	Rf 12-5	Rf 12-6
12	3 5	3 3	4 3	4 4	4 2	1 5
	4 2	1 5	5 2	3 3	2 1	4 2
	1 3	2 4	1 4	1 5	2 1	1 4
	2 1	1 1	4 1	3 4	1 2	3 4
	2 5	2 3	5 5	2 5	5 1	4 5

Difficulty Level						
13	Rf 13-1	Rf 13-2	Rf 13-3	Rf 13-4	Rf 13-5	Rf 13-6
	3 5	4 2	5 2	2 3	1 2	1 1
	1 1	1 3	1 4	4 3	1 2	3 4
	4 5	2 4	5 4	2 1	1 1	3 2
	5 1	5 5	5 1	1 2	4 2	5 3
	1 4	5 3	5 4	4 4	2 3	5 1
14	Rf 14-1	Rf 14-2	Rf 14-3	Rf 14-4	Rf 14-5	Rf 14-6
	5 5	5 2	3 5	4 3	1 4	1 3
	2 4	2 2	4 3	1 2	1 4	2 1
	5 2	1 2	5 2	2 3	2 1	2 4
	4 1	2 3	1 4	4 1	4 1	5 2
	2 4	3 1	4 1	5 1	5 3	3 3
	Rf 14-7					
	5 4					
	1 3					
	4 2					
	3 5					
	3 2					
15	Rf 15-1	Rf 15-2	Rf 15-3	Rf 15-4		
	? 3	4 5	4 5	1 1		
	2 2	1 1	4 2	2 3		
	3 3	5 4	1 3	2 2		
	5 1	1 4	2 4	4 3		
	4 4	5 5	5 5	5 5		
16	Rf 16-1	Rf 16-2	Rf 16-3	Rf 16-4		
	1 1	2 1	5 2	2 3		
	4 2	5 3	2 2	2 2		
	2 4	1 1	1 2	5 4		
	1 3	3 5	2 3	5 2		
	5 5	5 5	3 1	1 1		

Difficulty Level 17	Rf 17-1	Rf 17-2	Rf 17-3	Rf 17-4	Rf 17-5	
	3 2	5 5	5 4	4 1	1 5	
	2 1	5 2	2 4	1 2	2 2	
	2 4	2 5	2 5	1 1	2 1	
	1 1	3 5	4 1	5 3	3 1	
	3 5	2 2	3 4	4 4	2 2	
Difficulty Level 18	**Rf 18-1**	**Rf 18-2**	**Rf 18-3**	**Rf 18-4**		
	2 1	4 3	4 2	1 1		
	5 1	3 1	5 5	5 3		
	1 3	2 1	5 2	4 3		
	1 2	2 5	2 5	1 4		
	5 1	4 4	3 2	4 2		
Difficulty Level 19	**Rf 19-1**	**Rf 19-2**	**Rf 19-3**	**Rf 19-4**	**Rf 19-5**	**Rf 19-6**
	3 3	2 2	2 5	2 4	1 1	3 4
	2 1	4 1	2 1	4 3	5 1	3 3
	2 5	5 3	5 3	3 1	3 4	1 4
	2 2	2 5	1 1	2 1	5 4	5 1
	1 5	3 2	3 5	2 5	3 5	1 1
Difficulty Level 20	**Rf 20-1**	**Rf 20-2**	**Rf 20-3**	**Rf 20-4**	**Rf 20-5**	**Rf 20-6**
	1 2	2 4	5 4	3 3	2 1	5 1
	3 4	2 5	2 3	2 2	5 4	1 4
	4 4	4 1	5 4	4 1	2 3	3 3
	2 3	3 4	5 1	5 3	5 4	3 4
	2 2	4 5	1 3	2 5	5 1	3 2
	Rf 20-7					
	5 2					
	4 4					
	1 3					
	3 4					
	1 2					

Difficulty Level 21	Rf 21-1	Rf 21-2	Rf 21-3			
	3 5	2 5	2 4			
	3 1	3 3	4 2			
	5 3	1 1	5 1			
	5 2	5 5	3 4			
	1 2	2 5	5 3			
Difficulty Level 22	**Rf 22-1**	**Rf 22-2**	**Rf 22-3**	**Rf 22-4**		
	4 5	4 1	2 1	5 5		
	3 2	3 5	4 1	1 3		
	5 3	3 1	4 4	4 1		
	1 4	5 3	4 2	2 1		
	1 5	5 2	2 3	4 5		
Difficulty Level 23	**Rf 23-1**	**Rf 23-2**	**Rf 23-3**	**Rf 23-4**	**Rf 23-5**	
	1 4	4 5	3 2	3 5	5 1	
	4 5	3 2	5 4	4 5	3 3	
	2 4	5 3	2 1	3 2	4 4	
	3 4	1 4	1 4	3 4	5 4	
	3 3	1 5	4 4	3 3	2 1	
Difficulty Level 24	**Rf 24-1**	**Rf 24-2**	**Rf 24-3**			
	1 4	4 2	2 3			
	4 5	5 1	5 5			
	2 4	1 4	5 3			
	3 4	3 2	1 4			
	3 3	5 4	2 1			
Difficulty Level 25	**Rf 25-1**					
	5 4					
	5 3					
	4 5					
	1 1					
	4 2					